NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

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NO WAR IN EUROPE

By Dr. J. S. Barnes

FROM THE TOWER
Father Coughlin

GEORGE WASHINGTON
Lawrence Lucey

REGIMENTING THE SICK
Jean Perrin Schwartz

EYES AND EARS OVER WASHINGTON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

VOL. 3A NO. 4

"Why leave our own?" asked George Washington. His counsel to posterity, against entangling alliances with all foreign powers, summed up the wisdom of his experience. It was uttered at the end of his public life. This activity had embraced his leadership in a war to free the American Colonies from England; his help and counsel to the framers of the Constitution; and two years service as the first President of the new nation.

Today, the United States Senate is battling to preserve this Washington tradition. Battling against the inroads of an internationalist ideology that is foreign to America.

Senator Hiram Johnson of California, one of the veteran die-hards of opposition to the last World War, and young Bennett Champ Clark of Missouri—Republican and Democrat—are active leaders who are the implacable foes of war.

A Christian America stands solidly behind their fight to preserve George Washington's tradition of "No Entangling Alliances."

"THE FOES OF WAR"

SENATOR BENNETT CHAMP CLARK

SENATOR HIRAM JOHNSON

New York Jews Mob Christians

THE INSULTING attacks upon Christians, which daily grow bolder and more insufferable, are not news to our readers in New York City. But so that the rest of the nation may know "the way the wind is blowing" we here report a news account which you did not read in any Jew-controlled newspaper or news service report. We have to thank *The Brooklyn Tablet* for the following:

"In the late afternoon of Wednesday, February 1st, 6,000 leftists marched up and down Fifth avenue in front of St. Patrick's Cathedral. About 4,000 of them on the west side of the avenue stopped all southbound traffic; some 2,000 more packed the east sidewalk near the Cathedral. This went on for about two hours with little or no police interference.

"Attempts were made to bulldoze people into signing petitions to lift the embargo on Red Spain. Some women coming out of the Cathedral were insultingly denounced. Worshippers inside the church were amazed by the shouts of "Repeal the Neutrality Act," "Down with the Dies Investigation," "Down with General Mosley!" Their cries filled the air. Literature attacking Congressman Dies and Father Coughlin was flung into the faces of persons who refused to accept it.

"The mob seemed to be composed mostly of young Jewish men of military age, some of whom took great pleasure in shoving and jostling Christian women and old men who happened to be passing along the east sidewalk. The west sidewalk was completely in their control and pedestrians were forced into the street. Traffic was stopped for over an hour."

* * *

Christian Front Called 'Racket'

NOT CONTENT with spitting on the American flag, mobbing a Christian sound truck and pushing Christians around "on the sidewalks of New York," the Communists have now attacked the Christian Front as an anti-Jewish "racket." The *Communist Daily Worker* says:

"Followers of the pro-fascist radio agitator, Father Coughlin, agents of the Nazi German-American Bund, and spurious "patriots" have banded together under a 'Christian Front' false front to exact regular weekly tribute from merchants who, in exchange, are placed on an 'approved list.'

"Agents of this group—the same outfit whose sound trucks were forced off New York streets last week—carry with them to the stores copies of the Nazi newspaper, National American, Liberation (which is barred from the U. S. mails), obscene and seditious organ of the Silver Shirts, and Coughlin's SOCIAL JUSTICE to 'educate' business men into acceptance of the 'sign up—or else' edict."

'Buy Christian' Scares Worker

The *Communist Daily Worker*, which has frequently burnt its editorial fingers with lying references to SOCIAL JUSTICE, is off again. The "Comics" are having hysterics over a "Buy Christian" campaign which, the Red writers assert, is victimizing their dear comrades, the non-Aryan small shopkeepers. They want Dist. Atty. Thomas E. Dewey to "do something" about it.

And how about the Jewish boycott of Christian merchants who happen to sell something made in Germany, which boycott the Jewish-Communist *Daily Worker* has been cheering for?

How about the boycott which the "American League for Defense of Jewish Rights, Inc.," is conducting against the Compressed Yeast Company right now? SOCIAL JUSTICE has letters from the "American League for Defense of Jewish Rights, Inc.," the "Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights, Inc.," and the "Jewish War Veterans of the United States," threatening and advocating boycott — a Federal Statute violation by the way.

If some individual Christians are retaliating with an anti-Jewish boycott, they've only taken a page from the dirty Red book of the Semitic "comrades." But don't let the lying *Daily Worker*—more daily than "worker"—take you in with any charge that Father Coughlin or SOCIAL JUSTICE ever advocated a boycott against anybody. Never has a letterhead from this office, or the Shrine of the Little Flower, carried a boycott advocacy. But we have a vault bulging with such letters from the "other side."

U. S. Holds Key

Says "the Observer" in
THE BROOKLYN TABLET:

"We like to think that there will be no war; and the fact is that there will be no war, as long as America is reasonably unwilling to extend cash and credit loans to the nations which have defaulted on their war debts; and as long as Americans can differentiate between fact and propaganda, keeping their democratic balance of hatred for both Communism and Fascism."

Aliens on Payroll

MORE THAN 14,000 aliens are on the payroll of the United States Government, according to a recent report made to the Senate by various departments!

The great bulk of them are employed by the War Department, at stations and in operations outside the United States.

The second largest group is found in the Foreign Service of this country.

We're Proud Of This Letter

"I TRY TO BUY your paper every Sunday after Mass. I cannot subscribe yet. My husband is out of work, and sometimes a dime is easier to find than $3. I will purchase it on Sundays until better days later in the Spring."

SOCIAL JUSTICE is proud of that letter. We feel that we have a serious obligation to these readers to bring them the suppressed truth—the untold story behind the story.

HELLO FOLKS:

HERE IT IS, February 20th already! How time does fly when you're busy. I've held my job down for a month now, so I guess the Boss is pretty well pleased with me, He can see that I'm trying awfully hard to help out here, and he told me the other day that the subscriptions are coming in a little better. He was happy about that, and seemed to be all pepped up and rarin' to go. I want to thank all you folks for your co-operation.

* * *

Before another day rolls by I simply must take a few minutes to answer my "fan mail." I don't know why it's called "fan mail," but that's what Catherine Smith told me it was when she handed it to me and, as she's been working here with the Boss a long time, she ought to know.

* * *

I got the nicest letter from "Pat" who lives with his family down in Oxford, Pennsylvania. His "Daddy" and "Mother," as he calls his folks, are good to him like my Boss is to me. Pat, you are a lucky pup. Take good care of your folks and see to it that they keep well and don't catch cold while they are out getting those subscriptions. If they don't wrap up good and warm before they go out, you get right in front of the door and scold them until they do. I have to do that with my Boss. Sometimes he tries to run out without his overcoat on or a hat, either, but I get after him and make him put them on. I don't know what he'd do without me to look after him.

* * *

I got another nice letter from an Irish Terrier named "Terry." He lives down in Forest Hills, New York, and has a grand home and fine mistress. Terry sent me his picture—he sure looks like a regular feller. I'm glad he wants to be my friend. Terry said that his mistress says SOCIAL JUSTICE is a "blessed" paper and everyone should read it, Wig-wag my thanks to her, will you Terry, and tell her that the Boss and I appreciate all that she's doing to help circulate our paper.

* * *

All my "doggie" friends are having a tough time of it, it seems. From 'way out in Des Moines, Iowa, a swell letter came to me from a nice brown Water-Spaniel named "Boots." Boots has his work cut out for him, too. His "Mom" is so busy hustling around the town getting subscriptions for SOCIAL JUSTICE that he and the rest of the family have all the work to do at home.

Boy, that's a dog's life, Boots. But we have to do our share, and I know you don't really mind, do you? Your "Mom" is doing more important work getting after those "indifferentists," as she calls them. My, that's an awful looking word—I don't think I like "indifferentists" either. I think I'll get after any I see around here, too.

* * *

I got some other letters from folks who want me to know that they are doing all they can to get their friends interested in SOCIAL JUSTICE, and I want to thank them, too. I'll tell my Boss how you are working. That'll make him feel good.

Have you noticed the new dress SOCIAL JUSTICE is wearing? That's the new spring outfit, but the Boss says the summer get-up will be a WOW! It looks pretty good to me as it is, but the Boss is never satisfied. He never wants to be satisfied with SOCIAL JUSTICE, he says 'cause that's the only way it can keep on getting better and better. He wants SOCIAL JUSTICE to be the best magazine of its kind in America and if I know my Boss, you can bet your hat it will be.

He thinks that if our subscriptions aren't all they should be, it's our fault — that the articles are too long and too dry, and he's going to sort of "sugar-coat" the pill. He's going to make people want to read SOCIAL JUSTICE because it looks interesting and tells its readers in short articles all they should know. 'Course, I don't know about things like that, so I'm keeping quiet. But you folks can tell us what you think about the idea. Will you look the paper over carefully and then drop us a line?

* * *

Another good way to find out if our paper is just what the public wants, I think, would be for you to take your copy of SOCIAL JUSTICE (and some subscription blanks) and show it to your friends. If my Boss is right, your friends will be anxious to be on our regular mailing list. You can write them up and send in their subscriptions and I'll see to it that they get their copies right away.

I'll be looking for your letters. Don't disappoint me.

—PAL.

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E. MEER KAMPERI

No War in EUROPE

Tourists May Make Their Summer Plans; Big Powers Cling to Peace

***By* DR. J. S. BARNES**

THE PRESS tells us every day that Europe is in an awful mess. It is forgotten that Europe has been in a perpetual mess ever since the Roman Empire began to break up, and that it has often been in a far worse mess than on the present occasion. Nevertheless, Europe carries on and continues to contribute more to the civilization of the world than any other part of it. There is indeed no reason to be particularly pessimistic. Europe is as full of vitality as ever. I do not think that there is any valid reason to suppose that the continent is moribund.

Three new factors are, as a matter of fact, now steadily working in favor of European peace and unity.

One is the growth of great new continental powers, like America or like that great central Asiatic power which is Soviet Russia, or like Japan with her increasingly tight hold on China. This factor is gradually making the comparatively small nations, which compose western and central Europe, realize the important interest of European unity.

A second important factor is that the process of breaking up Europe into national States based on race and language (modified by geographical influences)—a process which has been going on for centuries—has now for all practical purposes reached its logical conclusion and extreme limits. Probably it was necessary to carry matters to this point, before the task of binding the elements again into some form of unity could become a practical aspiration. It certainly seems to me that, since life never stays still, the completed process of breaking up what was once the Roman Empire into its component parts will naturally be followed by an effort to recombine them.

Thirdly, there is the destructive character of modern warfare, when waged between highly industrialized and civilized States grouped together within a relatively small area like Europe. Although nations are always likely to follow the course of their interests, which insofar as they diverge make for strife, there has now arisen in Europe a new overriding interest in favor of peace, namely, the paramount interest of avoiding any large scale war within the limits of western and central Europe because of its tremendous destructiveness.

* * *

Mussolini's most cherished ambition is to lay the foundations of a United States of Europe. Thus, he has long realized the importance of exploiting these three factors with a view to building the foundation for this unity.

Mussolini also realizes two other things, which form part of his policy:

First, that the cement required for this new European edifice must be Christianity.

Let me explain this statement: Rome is at the origin of Europe's unitary traditions, and before Rome fell, Europe was Christianized. Her historical spiritual unity became Christendom. Without this cement of Christianity, Europe loses the only binding element of importance that she possesses. Consequently, the great factor operating against unity today is the anti-Christian forces, which, unfortunately, are everywhere at work among all the nations of Europe, irrespective of their differing regimes. But of the elements working against Christianity, the two most powerful are:

First: Communism, which spells Atheism.

Second: Doctrinaire Liberalism (the progenitor, so to speak, of Communism) which spells Agnosticism.

Hence, it is necessary for all persons of good will, who aspire to see the foundations of a United States of Europe laid, to combat resolutely these two supreme evils.

The second thing that Mussolini realizes as constituting a necessary practical step towards European unity is the presence of new vital national forces in Europe, represented by Italy and Germany. These must be brought into the modern picture on a basis of real equality with the other two older, more powerful but less vital imperialist Powers, Britain and France.

Italy and Germany, Mussolini foresaw, must be given adequate "places in the sun" and scope for further expansion or otherwise, whatever statesmen might plan, nature, which is a force that human endeavour can only guide but not withstand, would inexorably drive forward to a catastrophic conclusion. A vent pipe is necessary to allow the steam to escape from a boiler, or it will burst. Similarly, it

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Acme

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is essential that new vital human forces should be given scope in the world to expand or civilization will be blown up by them.

Mussolini's statesmanship has and-is, therefore, being exercised in the highly complicated task of obtaining:

First, for Italy and Germany their rightful "places in the sun" and "elbow room";

Secondly, in openly combatting the menace of Communism and less openly (because here the first is within the heart of the nations, which cannot afford to allow themselves to be disrupted within by serious ideological divisions) combatting the evil of Liberalism; and,

Thirdly, at the same time conserving European peace despite the disturbing aspects of the other aims.

It must be admitted that this policy has so far been highly successful. Mussolini has conquered a "place in the sun" for Italy in Ethiopia, while Germany has acquired an economic "place in the sun" for herself in Central Europe. At the same time Mussolini has routed Communism and Liberalism in Spain and, as the result of the Munich settlement, dealt a staggering blow at Soviet Russia's intrigues to plunge Europe into a general war.

* * *

There remain a number of smaller questions to be dealt with before confidence between the four great powers of Europe can be achieved and before the Four Power Pact, which is necessary as a first step towards putting an end to the divisions of Europe, can be made a reality.

The changes that have been forced by Mussolini and Hitler against France and England have caused a lot of heartburnings, which are exploited by the Socialists and anti-Christian Liberals to discredit the new, more realistic statesmen of France and England, represented by men like Daladier and Chamberlain. These men have to manage their public opinions and cannot pursue their policy of appeasement as rapidly as they would like to do. It can be said quite certainly, however, that Chamberlain and Mussolini see very closely eye to eye on all the broad issues involved. Their differences lie in matters of detail and in speed. To adjust these differences was the main, specific task of Chamberlain at Rome.

If nothing very concrete seems to have arisen out of their Rome conversations, it may be taken for granted that a program of closer collaboration has been sketched. The results may be summarized as follows:

1. Mutual confidence has been deepened.

2. The question of meeting Italy's just claims regarding the Suez Canal tolls has been settled in principle.

3. Italy has agreed to damp down the irritating press campaign against France which has outworn its original diplomatic utility of enabling Daladier to play the patriotic trump card of "the country is in danger" and so maintain his parliamentary majority against the (to Italy) dangerous efforts of the Socialists and Communists to oust him from power following their disappointment over the Munich settlement.

4. Chamberlain has also agreed to support Italy's more moderate claims against France in connection with the Djibouti Railway, the Suez Canal and the status of Italian citizens in Tunis.

We may, therefore, look forward in the course of the next few months to an Italo-French detente, which will be followed by an agreement. Everything, indeed, points to a vast improvement in the general situation before next fall, especially as there appears to be little doubt that Franco will have won the Civil war by then and have thus "liquidated" the last big cause of European dissension.

Elections in both France and England should then enable the improved situation to be consolidated by a swing to the right in France and the confirmation of Chamberlain's majority in England. The way should thereafter be clear for realizing the Four Power Pact. The dawn of better days should indeed be at hand.

In the face of these facts and probabilities, it is difficult to understand why American opinion remains, in so large a measure, hostile to Chamberlain.

The truth is that there has been an attempt, both in England and America, to "frame" Chamberlain. Those who have tried to frame him can, however, easily be convicted of the grossest hypocrisy. Most of them are composed of the very people who do honor to Mr. Anthony Eden's proclaimed ideals, which are those of the League of Nations. They forget, however, that the avowed purpose of the League of Nations was to put an end to the divisions of Europe and to the old policy of balance of power. They forget that the League completely failed to achieve this object, whereas Chamberlain is making for the first time a serious bid to achieve it. The League, on the other hand, was only used as a smoke-screen to disguise the real intentions of the "Haves" to keep the "Have-nots" in a perpetual state of disruption. This, therefore, is undoubtedly the real purpose of those who attack Chamberlain. They do not want appeasement. They do not want to heal the divisions of Europe. They want a war to make the world safe for anti-Christian forces. They want to play the game of M. Blum, the Jewish French cat's paw of Moscow, whose real name is Karfunkelstein.

Nor is their choice of Mr. Eden as their hero a particularly happy one. First, Mr. Eden quite miserably failed, though he may have sincerely (at the behest of his Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin) attempted to raise British prestige and that of the League of Nations, which he said was "the cornerstone of British foreign policy."

Secondly, Mr. Eden sent the Home Fleet to the Mediterranean to overawe Italy and was lucky to get it back at all, after it had accomplished nothing.

Thirdly, he imposed sanctions against Italy to prevent her obtaining

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By LAWRENCE LUCEY

George Washington

The Father of His Country Left Us His Paternal Counsel

TWO-HUNDRED and seven years ago next Wednesday in a Virginia house at 10 o'clock in the morning Mary Ball Washington presented her husband Augustine with a pink baby boy, whom they later called George. Before his death, at the age of 67, this son of Augustine and Mary Washington had become the father of a new nation—the United States of America. Augustine and Mary were immortalized by this son for through his feats they became the grandparents of the greatest country on the globe.

George grew to be a strong, silent, scrupulous man with a flair for leadership that never has been surpassed in this nation. Theories and writing appealed little to him for he believed that actions speak louder than words. Patrick Henry and Thomas Jefferson were the theorists of the Revolution but when a General was needed to lead the rebel army, George was their man.

Madison and Hamilton were the idea men who conceived the notion of a Constitution, but again General Washington was the action man—the chairman of the Constitutional convention. Then, when the new government that originated at the Constitutional convention needed a President, the unanimous choice of the people was to have George Washington do it. He was the only man ever elected unanimously to the Presidency!

George Washington was an old man before he took pen in hand to advise posterity how they might preserve this nation for which he had fought and won a horrible war, presided over at the birth of its charter, the Constitution, and served as its President for two terms. It was six months before his second term as President would expire when he crowded the experience of his life into his Farewell Address. Because he had not devoted much of his time to writing during his active life, George had to get Hamilton and Madison to polish his phrases. But the ideas were Washington's—the experiences of a man who had smelled gun powder and burning flesh, listened to the squabbles at the Constitutional convention and presided over a democracy in a world ruled by totalitarian regimes.

Washington's farewell message was the "disinterested warnings of a parting friend who can possibly have no personal motive to bias his counsel." His political and military life over. He was old, tired and worn out from serving his country in war and peace. His opening sentence was an unequivocal declaration that he was not a candidate for a third term as President. There was no "do not choose to run" loophole in his declination. It was a simple, honest, straight-from-the-shoulder refusal to run. Congress did not have to debate a resolution suggesting that he get out.

Next, he warned the American people to guard the Union he loved so intensely against all forces. George feared and foresaw the sectional strife which 65 years later led to the Civil War.

He had seen too many of the evils generated by political parties to pass over them lightly. He was the only President ever elected without the nomination of a political party. He feared that party jealousies, job-seeking ward heelers and the general political spirit of placing party first and nation second would spell the end of the glorious experiment in democracy he had fathered.

"The alternate domination of one faction over another," wrote President Washington, "sharpened by the spirit of revenge, natural to party dissension, which in different ages and countries has perpetrated the most horrid enormities, is itself a frightful despotism . . . The disorders and miseries which result gradually incline the minds of men to seek security and repose in the absolute power of an individual."

Again, this fear of a dictator led Washington to warn Americans to maintain their constitutional system of checks and balances between the executive, legislative and judicial branches of the government. Truly, the first President must have envisioned the usurpations of power contained in a Supreme Court packing bill, a reorganization bill, dictatorial war bills or a "rubber stamp" Congress when he wrote that an attack on the system of checks and balances *is the customary weapon by which free governments are destroyed.*"

* * *

To Washington religion was an integral part of government for it is the prop which gives government its philosophical and ethical foundation. Religion instead of being the opium of the people, as the Communists and fellow travelers believe, is the backbone of liberty. "Of all the dispositions and habits which lead to political prosperity," said George Washington, "Religion and Morality are indispensable supports."

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Regimenting the Sick

Will Doctors, or Politicians, Meet the Social Health Need?

By JEAN PERRIN SCHWARTZ

IN THE SHADOWS behind the bright lights and gleaming skyscrapers which, like whited sepulchers, adorn America's richest and most beautiful cities, lurk unwanted, uncared for communities, not even outwardly beautiful to men.

Detroit—the nation's motor capital—embraces within its limits one such community of 300,000 inhabitants—a city of slums.

Within this beautiful city of stream lines and mass production, according to the Detroit Housing Commission, are 75,000 dwellings unfit for human habitation—where a population greater than that of San Diego and Nashville combined, spend their lives. These dwellings are without basements, baths or inside water. The roofs leak, the floors and foundations sag, the porches are broken. Cheap partitions separate the rooms and children sleep in coal bins.

Exposed pipes create fire hazards. Rats, cockroaches and bedbugs infest them. Yet in some instances, the owners of these shacks are receiving as high as 47 per cent return on their investment, according to the 1938 assessed property valuation!

* * *

But Detroit is neither alone nor in front as a city with slums. The bank-owned tenements of New York's East and West Sides—to say nothing of Harlem or the tumble-down shacks of the "jungle" colonies—have made the nation's metropolis as famous for its slums as its stock exchange.

Philadelphia, one time cradle of American independence, only recently rocked the state of Pennsylvania with its story of slum conditions. Chicago, Los Angeles and St. Louis all have slum settlements of their own.

Of the dwelling places in use in Washington, D. C., America's "most beautiful" city—according to the United States property inventory of 1934, there were 14,000 without inside toilets; 4,000 did not even have inside running water; kerosene lamps lighted 11,000 dwellings; over 6,000 needed major repairs and more than 2,000 were totally unfit for human living quarters.

* * *

There can be no security for America when 20 and 25 per cent of the people in her proudest cities are compelled to dwell in misery and discomfort, when their family culture is necessarily debased to the self-preservative code of the tooth and fang; when poverty's oppressive tyranny subjects them to want amidst plenty, and hunger in a land flowing with the milk and honey of "surplus" and "over-production."

Until the individual states and cities have displaced their slum communities by respectable homes for their ill-housed, the efforts of their councils to legislate lasting social improvements will be futile.

Not only has the New Deal regimented the nation's farmers under the A.A.A., its workers by means of Social Security, its youth into C.C.C. camps and its unemployed on W.P.A. rolls. It is now proceeding to its most recent collectivist enterprise—regimentation of the sick. The battle to socialize medicine is on.

The origin of the present controversy dates back to more than a year ago when 850 employes of the H.O.L.C. in Washington, D. C., organized a non-profit health insurance corporation called the Group Health Association. They borrowed $40,000 from the Administration, rented a building for a clinic, and hired a staff of medical doctors headed by Dr. Henry R. Brown.

At this point the District of Columbia Medical Society, an affiliate of the American Medical Association, began to squirm. When Dr. Mario Scandiffio, a young physician and member of the society, accepted a position on the G.H.A. at a yearly salary, the medical society expelled him. At the same time the A.M.A. ordered the hospitals of the District of Columbia to accept no patients from any doctors associated with the Group Health Association.

Thereupon up and coming New Deal "liberal" Thurman Arnold dusted off the Federal Statutes, concluded that such practices constituted "restraint of trade," and on October 17, requested the grand jury investigation which brought about the A.M.A. indictments.

Whether or not the G.H.A. was deliberately organized and fostered by the New Dealers in the first place in order to topple medical supremacy and pave the way for their own ideas about medicine is not definitely known. The common impression is that the whole scheme was a test to arouse the doctors to such a hostile protest that it would create public sentiment against them and sympathy for the cause of socialized medicine.

* * *

Unfortunately, that is what happened. The medical society spokesmen played right into the hands of the energetic trust-busters by trying to brow-beat the health insurance group out of existence. They even charged that it was "illegal" for private citizens to pool their money and employ a staff of doctors to care for their health—until the local courts decided there was nothing illegal about it.

While they were thus opposing efforts of individuals to bring the cost of medical care within the reach of more persons in the lower income group, they paved the way, at least in the public press, for the President's $850-million compulsory health plan, and the Department of Justice indictments against themselves.

Group health care is not a recent American innovation. Insurance companies and fraternal organizations have had such health plans in operation for years. Large industries and many business concerns have had similar health care systems to which their employes might belong if they chose.

A voluntary plan of health insurance, by which members of a group decide to pay a monthly fee in exchange for all the medical service they may need, is not socialized medicine.

A compulsory plan of health insurance, on the other hand, such as that suggested by the President's committee, to appropriate $850-million of national funds for a federal-state health program, is definitely a big step in the direction of socialized or state medicine. It is a step which Americans should be loath to take, especially since much of the nation's ill-health is due more to improper and unsanitary housing and living conditions than to insufficient doctorization.

* * *

The New Deal has long been interested in taking over the nation's health. In 1935, the Farm Security Administration began its system of co-operative medical care among farm families. Last year, more than 60,000 families were doctored by these federally controlled health units in Alabama, Georgia, North and South Dakota, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Ohio, Indiana and Iowa.

More than a fourth of the hundred Federal community projects have similar medical service. During 1937,

the Federal Government spent $20-million for the care of crippled children. It spent equivalent sums to campaign against cancer, tuberculosis and social diseases.

And right now, there are within the pale of the executive smile, dozens of "liberal" New Deal youngsters with a yen for quoting such figures, who are just itching to do something to the medical *status quo*—preferably something radical.

Only the doctors can save themselves and their patients from regimentation by these socialistic planners.

* * *

There is plenty of room both for a strong and powerful national medical association and for group medical care. With more than a third of our nation on economic security's border line, another third on the bread line, and hopes for New Deal prosperity growing constantly dimmer—even a half-hearted survey of conditions among these lower income groups reveals the inevitability of some kind of group medical care.

But this by no means implies the inevitability of Federal control.

There is no reason why health groups cannot conduct their hospitals and clinics under the guidance and co-operation of doctors affiliated with the American Medical Association and its local units, instead of the political management of Federal officials.

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Comment From The Audience

Excerpts from Typical Letters Among Thousands Received by Father Coughlin Give a Cross-Section of the Nation's Thinking

An American Mason

IN THE January 23rd issue of SOCIAL Justice under "Comments from the Audience" is a letter from Philadelphia, Pa., signed W.G.S. It asks: "Will Masons of this country, many of whom I know personally to be wonderful people, allow themselves to be enlisted in the cause of wholesale murder of still more innocent victims?"

My answer is *no*. And you may rest assured that we Masons as a whole do not lend ourselves to such things.

Is it only to Masonic lodges that such Communistic propaganda is being given? If I remember correctly, it was not long ago that Earl Browder asked help from the Church and while the Church denounced him, is there anything but your word to prove that he has not also some Church members tied to the tail of his Communist kite?

To us Protestants, Father Coughlin's voice is one which rings true, and to him we give our support — *J.S., Watertown, N. Y.*

* * *

No Sons for Reds

I have three sons old enough for the draft, and I would rather see them dead than fighting for Red Russia. Please make your words a little stronger about the war debts.

May God bless you. I'll be listening.—*Mrs. L., Ashtabula, Ohio.*

* * *

American Mothers

I am afraid this Government is planning to get into another war. I have two boys of army age who would be taken from me, so you can understand why I am perturbed.

Why cannot something be done before it is too late?

Is there no way we mothers could form some plan? I know all American mothers think and feel the same way about war.—*Mrs. J. L., Toledo, Ohio.*

* * *

Disabled Veteran

I am a veteran of the "war to end wars." I am unable to work, having been disabled in France after serving in the 2nd Division, and battles of Chateau-Thierry, Saint Mihiel, and Argonne Forest. I stand squarely behind you like many others, when you say our Congress should feed the unemployed instead of order munitions; and to keep America for the Americans.—*M. L., Scranton, Pa.*

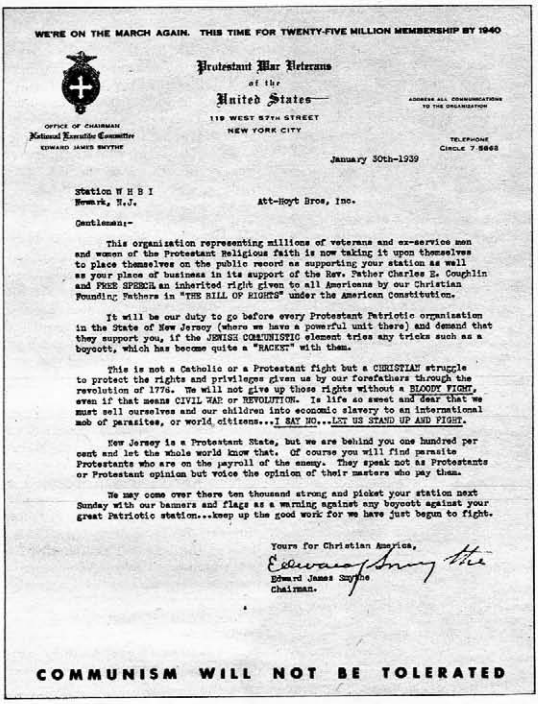
* * *

Former Europeans

We listen to your broadcasts every week and agree wholeheartedly with your views.

Since we all have lived in Europe for quite a while—15 years—and since my father who is now deceased, was very interested in politics and came in contact with many who knew what the bad Jew does, we have known for a long time the real truth behind many of these revolutions, strikes, etc.

We certainly hope you will sway the opinions of those who cannot seem to see the light—for America will certainly be in a bad state soon. —*E. B. family, Detroit, Mich.*



WE'RE ON THE MARCH AGAIN. THIS TIME FOR TWENTY-FIVE MILLION MEMBERSHIP BY 1940

Protestant War Veterans
of the
United States
119 WEST 57th STREET
NEW YORK CITY

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO THE ORGANIZATION

OFFICE OF CHAIRMAN
National Executive Committee
EDWARD JAMES SMYTHE

TELEPHONE
CIRCLE 7-8868

January 30th-1939

Station W H B I
Newark, N.J. Att-Hoyt Bros, Inc.

Gentlemen:-

This organization representing millions of veterans and ex-service men and women of the Protestant Religious faith is now taking it upon themselves to place themselves on the public record as supporting your station as well as your place of business in its support of the Rev. Father Charles E. Coughlin and FREE SPEECH an inherited right given to all Americans by our Christian Founding Fathers in "THE BILL OF RIGHTS" under the American Constitution.

It will be our duty to go before every Protestant Patriotic organization in the State of New Jersey (where we have a powerful unit there) and demand that they support you, if the JEWISH COMMUNISTIC element tries any tricks such as a boycott, which has become quite a "RACKET" with them.

This is not a Catholic or a Protestant fight but a CHRISTIAN struggle to protect the rights and privileges given us by our forefathers through the revolution of 1776. We will not give up those rights without a BLOODY FIGHT, even if that means CIVIL WAR or REVOLUTION. In life as sweet and dear that we must sell ourselves and our children into economic slavery to an international mob of parasites, or world citizens...I SAY NO...LET US STAND UP AND FIGHT.

New Jersey is a Protestant State, but we are behind you one hundred per cent and let the whole world know that. Of course you will find parasite Protestants who are on the payroll of the enemy. They speak not as Protestants or Protestant opinion but voice the opinion of their masters who pay them.

We may come over there ten thousand strong and picket your station next Sunday with our banners and flags as a warning against any boycott against your great Patriotic station...keep up the good work for we have just begun to fight.

Yours for Christian America,

Edward James Smythe
Chairman.

COMMUNISM WILL NOT BE TOLERATED

Spanish Born

I am Spanish born, but for the last 23 years have been an American citizen. However I still retain a love for the country which gave me birth; and try to keep well-informed on its trials.

I know from your broadcasts that you are a fearless citizen who cannot keep your views to yourself where justice and action are needed. I hope you will continue to expose the Communistic propaganda, including that which is using some excommunicated price of your self-security and self-anti-Catholic Spain. — *F. dM., New York City.*

* * *

Opposition Is Proof

That you have taken pains to bring to the nation a message of truth at the price of your self-security and self-sacrifice is a thing worthy of great admiration. That your addresses contain the truth, I conclude from the tremendous opposition which they have withstood: an opposition that could not find contradictions in your statements without in turn, contradicting itself—*Rev. G. M., Granby, Mass.*

* * *

Ready for Action

I am not a Catholic but I am in strict accord with your programs and statements. A more distressing condition is hard to picture than the outrageous state of affairs that exist right under our noses.

Your expose of conditions in the nation's capital are shocking in every sense of the word, and I personally am in favor of doing something about it.—*O. C. H., Lima, Ohio.*

Trouble Centers

I fully agree with your recent sermon in which you state that the real menace to our country is from an army of ten million unemployed. There is no doubt but that the centers of Red propaganda are in our large cities, where the worst unemployment situations are to be found. —*F. E. D. T., Philadelphia, Pa.*

* * *

K. of C. Men Active

I am happy to inform you that the Lafayette Council Knights of Columbus is earnestly protesting (and prevailing upon our relatives and friends to do likewise) the action taken by station WMCA when they barred your Sunday broadcasts from their network.

The same minority group that lists among its members, advertisers, buying time on the air, (and probably some of the leading stockholders of the station also) is the first to use its influence to prevent someone else from using his right of free speech but the first to start crying when its own rights are jeopardized.

Our truth committee working in conjunction with similar committees in other councils, will do all in its power to keep the real issue involved in this controversy alive.

In addition to protests against WMCA, the members pledged themselves to approval and support of Hoyt Bros. Inc., of Newark, N. J., owners of station WHBI, which carries the broadcast every Sunday. — *John J. Nelan, Recorder, Lafayette Council K. of C., New York City.*

Protestants Approve

I am a Protestant man and you are a Catholic priest, but nevertheless I have been one of your audience for the past 5 years and I appreciate very much your denunciation of the international workings of our present Government.—*J. W. M., Bangor, Me.*

* * *

Moral Courage

Your moral courage and untiring efforts in helping our nation is also a boon to the Roman Catholic Church and convinces me as a non-Church member that the Church really does something.—*E. E. H., Quincy, Mass.*

* * *

Offended at 'Time'

Thank you for exposing the prejudice and unutterably bad taste displayed by *Time* magazine in its comparison of a Catholic church tower to a silo. I intend to write immediately to the advertisers in this "red" magazine and will have my friends do likewise. I see no reason for Christians to "tolerate" such venomous attempts to ridicule sacred things, as this latest effort of *Time* reveals.—*H. P., Milwaukee, Wis.*

* * *

Finds People Agree

Your expose of the Jewish activities in favor of Communism is absolutely true and timely.

In my work I call upon a great many people of different nationalities and religious beliefs, and I must say that your broadcasts since you began last fall have received more general approval than any previous series. Everyone seems to realize that the present Administration is communistically inclined, notwithstanding Cardinal Mundelein's personal friendship to the President.—*C. L. K. Chicago, Ill.*

* * *

Jews Want Revenge

Ever increasing numbers of people whom I contact are convinced that we in the United States must face the Jewish problem sooner or later. Too many Jews are too close to the President for the good of the nation. If their influence continues, the time will come when we will declare war against Germany — just because the Jews want revenge. Why is not more said about what the Jews through Communism have done to Gentiles in the countries which they control? And why do not the Jewish refugees from Europe go to Russia where Jews are running the country?—*Rev. Mr. F. M. B.*

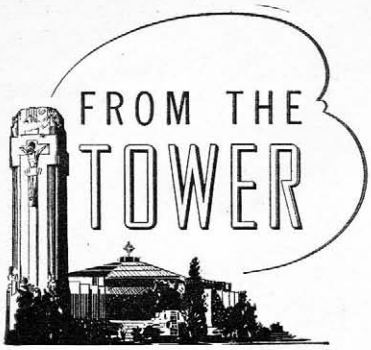
* * *

Jobs for Refugees

The situation in Germany has caused an upset in the Home Relief of New York City.

Hundreds of Jews are landing in New York and going right to work in some Jewish owned concern, thereby displacing American workers. Those who have lost their jobs by this influx are readily accepted by the relief agencies. But relief in New York is already overtaxed. Now an order has been sent out to send all single men on relief to a concentration camp. They do not want to go to a camp.

But the city is going to start shipping them next week. Why must Americans go to concentration camps and give up their jobs in order to make room for aliens from abroad?—*F. S., New York City.*



Naziism . . .

WITHOUT attempting to exhaust this subject by a thorough analysis, let me emphasize one of its salient activities. The Catholic Church is not opposed to Naziism because it, in turn, is opposed to Communism. The late Pontiff did not condemn the National Socialist Party because it succeeded, in a degree, in alleviating the economic distress in Germany. Deeper reasons impelled Pius XI, as official spokesman of the Church, to speak out fearlessly against the Third Reich. Primarily, because of its unsound views on the superiority of race; because of its untenable position in endeavoring to establish the state as the supreme court of truth; and because of its unnatural legislation relative to family life and marriage, the Christian Church necessarily opposes Naziism.

There is no such thing as absolute race purity and race priority. Deeper than the Aryan race or any other race, the human race as a whole must be considered. All men and races originate from a common stock even in a natural order. In a supernatural order, all races and the individuals thereof are not only the creatures of God but the sons of God and co-heirs with Jesus Christ.

To insist that one race is absolutely superior and absolutely pure in its bloodstream is contradicted, both by this supernatural doctrine and by science itself, which proves to us that all races are more or less mixed and will continue to mix throughout the ages.

When the National Socialist Party forbids a so-called Aryan from marrying a so-called Jew simply because the Jewish party to the contract is a Jew, it is tampering with the natural law of God.

When the National Socialist Party, moreover, insists that the Church to whom Christ said: "Go yet, therefore, and teach all nations," must be restricted and confine its teaching only to the pulpit, again it is in error: for it is the province of the Church to instruct all persons that whatsoever form of government is chosen, it must be in harmony with the natural and divine laws.

A state is not the repository either of the natural law or of the divine law. That prerogative belongs to the Church. Again, a state may not assume the attitude that the families thereof must exist for the state; for the truth is that families freely create a state and the state exists for these families—for their mutual protection but not for their mass enslavement.

The co-operation of all families is required for the successful development of a state. But this co-operation must not be so interpreted that, in order to obtain the objectives of material prosperity, the families and the members thereof must sacrifice the spiritual and mental heritage which the Creator gave them.

These are some thoughts which we should consider in analyzing why the Catholic Church has stood, and will continue to stand, opposed to Naziism as it exists at present. If the National Socialist Party persists in following its present principles to their logical conclusion, supernatural religion will be liquidated within the territory of the Third Reich. These principles, as Mr. Hitler should recognize, represent a most dangerous weapon in the hands of rulers who are totally materialistic in their viewpoints concerning religion.

It is to be hoped that both he and his associates will accept kindly this criticism and endeavor to adjust matters with the successor of Pius XI before it is too late.

America . . .

APPLYING these thoughts to our own country, we recognize that many of the States in our Union forbid marriages between whites and blacks. In these instances we have a species of "Jim Crow" legislation in the matter of matrimony. The members of the National Socialist Party point out that if the Third Reich forbids marriages between Aryans and Jews, it is doing nothing more than is being done in the United States where, in some instances, marriages are forbidden between whites and blacks.

Two wrongs do not make a right.

It is better for negroes, under present circumstances, to marry within their own race. Most negro leaders recognize the truth of this statement. It is also better for Jews to marry within their own race. In fact, it is only with great reluctance that the leaders of orthodox Jewry consider favorably a marriage between Jews and non-Jews.

The point is that if a white person and a negro in the United States desire to marry, that marriage can be arranged at least in some part of the United States. Not so in Germany relative to the Aryan and Jew.

The members of the National Socialist Party point out that in all public schools in Germany children enjoy the benefits of religious teachers appointed by Church authorities for this task, while in the United States of America our public school system is, generally speaking, devoid of religious instruction.

Again, there is a distinction to be made: In the United States the Government does not forbid Catholics, Lutherans, Episcopalians, Presbyterians, Baptists, Jews and all other denominations from operating their own educational institutions. Nor does the United States Government forbid these religious denominations organizing their groups of children or adults for Christian action.

In Germany there is no full freedom of religion. In the United States freedom of religion is one of our cherished boasts.

Attitude . . .

BOLSHEVISM is opposed to religion altogether. More than that, it does not believe in the immortality of the soul in the way in which Christians do. It does not believe in the existence of God as a personal being. Therefore, the state becomes God, the government becomes its high priests, and material prosperity is its heaven.

In criticizing, with the hope of correcting, the errors of Naziism, I do not infer that Communism should be preferred to Naziism. The former, which can be likened to carbolic acid, kills almost immediately; the latter, which can be likened to starvation, kills slowly.

No one may prefer one spiritual evil to another. They are both evil. Both strike at God and God's order. Both eventually will lead to the same disastrous results.

It is fair to say that there is more hope of converting Naziism than is entertained towards Communism.

It should be our objective in this country to participate with neither of them, to help neither of them, to favor neither of them.

Christians are opposed to both Naziism and Communism—and officially so. Unfortunately, Jews are opposed only to Naziism and will not speak out officially, through the General Jewish Council, in condemning Communism, chiefly because Russian Communism has legislated that it is a criminal offense to be anti-Semitic and because some millions of Jews live in Russia and enjoy positions of lofty eminence in the Bolshevik government.

Boycott . . .

It is illegal for a publication registered at our Post Office to advocate boycott. SOCIAL JUSTICE never will be guilty of this illegality.

However, it is time for our readers to recognize that the instrument of boycott is being used against many Christians—particularly those who are German and Italian—in our commercial sphere.

They who use the sword will always perish by it because, sooner or later, these victims of the boycott, who are more numerous than those who use it, will organize as a matter of self-defense.

It is regrettable that many fine firms, anxious for the sale of their products, advertise through mediums which are hostile not only to Christians, but which are responsible for spreading the germs of filth and radicalism. Without this advertising matter, these mediums could not subsist. Consequently, these fine firms are, unknowingly, co-operating in the spread of this filth and radicalism or are collaborating in building up a hostile attitude towards Christians.

Perhaps the president of the firm whose product is advertised would be glad to co-operate with us if such matters were brought to his attention in a gentlemanly, Christian and American way, totally divorced from the spirit of boycott.

Christian Action . . .

I AM QUOTING Father Denis Fahey in his book, "The Social Rights of Our Divine Lord Jesus Christ The King," Chapter XII, who asks the question: "Have laymen a place in the work commonly referred to as Christian Action?"

"Clearly laymen are called in strict charity to enlighten their neighbour and to labour, not only for the good of individuals, but for the restoration of society as a whole. As Leo XIII has said: 'Such co-operation on the part of the laity has seemed to the Fathers of the Vatican Council so opportune and fruitful of good that they thought well to invite it. "All faithful Christians, but those chiefly who are in a prominent position, or engaged in teaching, we entreat, by the Compassion of Jesus Christ, and enjoin by the authority of the same God and Saviour, that they bring aid to ward off and eliminate these errors from Holy Church, and contribute their zealous help in spreading abroad the light of undefiled faith" (Const. 'Dei Filius'). Let each one therefore bear in mind that he both can and should, so far as may be, preach the Catholic faith by the authority of his example, and by open and constant profession of the obligations it imposes. In respect consequently to the duties that bind us to God and the Church, it should be borne earnestly in mind that in propagating Christian truth and warding off errors, the zeal of the laity should, as far as possible, be brought actively into play.'

"Pius XI also has made innumerable appeals to the self-sacrifice of the laity. In the Encyclical 'Ubi Arcano Dei,' the Pope writes to the Bishops, 'Recall, moreover, to the minds of your faithful subjects in Christ, that it is by promoting, under your direction and that of your clergy, the knowledge and love of Christ, they become truly worthy of the title of "a chosen generation, a kingly priesthood, a holy nation, a purchased people" (I Peter ii. 9), and that closely united with Christ and with Us, they will best succeed in bringing about a common peace amongst men, by devoting all their energies to the propagation and restoration of the Kingdom of Christ.' It is to Pope Pius XI that we owe the definition, so admirable in its conciseness, of Catholic Action, namely, the 'participation and collaboration of the laity with the Apostolic Hierarchy.'

"It would not be possible for the Popes to set out their teaching more clearly or to express their will more emphatically. It is clear that in work which concerns them so closely as the rebuilding of the social order in Christ the laity must be the Bishops' right arm. In the past the Church had the help of the secular arm, that is, the civil authority, for the carrying out of its work; the civil authority has withdrawn its help; therefore, until nations return once more to Christ, Catholic lay folk must help the Church and particularly must strive to secure for the Church, for Jesus Christ and for God, their rightful place in the life of this world. The apostolate of the Catholic laity is required now more than ever before, to come to the aid of and prolong the apostolate of the clergy amongst the masses, in order to bring them to Christ and maintain them faithful to Him."

Father Coughlin

NATIONAL WEEKLY
Social Justice
Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin
Rev. Chas. E. Coughlin, LL.D.
EDITORIAL COUNSEL
Published by The Social Justice Publishing Co.

16 PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Liberty of conscience and education.
Just living annual wage.
Nationalization of important public resources.
Private ownership of all other property.
Control of private property for public good.
Abolition of Federal Reserve Banking System and establishment of a government-owned Central Bank.
Restoration to Congress of its sole right to coin and regulate the value of money.
Cost of living maintained on an even keel.
Cost of production plus a fair profit for the farmer.
Labor's right to organize.
Recall of non-productive bonds.
Abolition of tax-exempt bonds.
Broadened base of taxation on basis of ownership and capacity to pay.
Simplification of government and lower taxes.
Conscription of wealth as well as men in event of war.
Sanctity of human rights preferred to sanctity of property with government's chief concern for the poor.

Peace Not Automatic

INTO THE LAST HOURS of civil war in Spain—not yet ended as these paragraphs are penned—every effort was being made by Communist organizations in England, France and the United States to bring about a last-minute intervention.

The nations which have persisted in their recognition and support of the Loyalist-Communist regime should have faces as red as their cause. But, at this writing, not all the world powers have recognized National Spain. Our own country continues among these leftist "hold-outs."

General Franco has refused interventionists' pleas for a blanket amnesty for all captured Communists. Such leaders as Blagoiev Parovitch (a Hungarian Jew whose name is Lukacz), who was one of the directors of the Bela Kun terror in Hungary; or Dumont, or Regler, or Leone and the rest of them—not to forget Marcel Rosenberg—must stand trial for "high crimes against Spain."

At least, they are assured a trial—which is more than was accorded to the 400,000 civilians of Spain shot down by the Communist butchers of the International Brigade.

General Franco demands "unconditional surrender" from these godless Communists who have invaded Spain, made of it a shambles and destroyed churches, museums, libraries, homes and all the best of an old civilization.

Readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE, whose flood of telegrams to the United States Senate in a critical hour kept this nation neutral, must remain alert. Do not now, or later, fall into the deception that a defeat for the Reds in Spain is final; that the world will have been saved, or that peace is ever *automatic* and permanent.

America is awake. It is our job to see that we remain alertly on guard.

Lifting a Depression

AMERICA NEEDS JOBS.

Before attempting to solve any far-away international problems across the world — before attempting to balance the mythical budget—this nation will have to put its unemployed to work at a living wage.

That is *immediate*—and it is imperative.

Our own observation has been that factory owners would be only too happy to open their plants, call back their workmen, and start operations on three eight-hour shifts daily, at a living annual wage—if only there were customers for the factory's product.

The millions in America who are literally "out of everything" would be happy to restock and buy, if they but had the purchasing power.

This purchasing power depends directly upon those who "control money and credit." This control, as the late venerable Pontiff pointed out most clearly, is in the hands of a few, who frequently are not the owners but merely the trustees and managers of invested wealth.

Father Coughlin, in his national radio broadcasts, and in the columns of SOCIAL JUSTICE, has repeatedly shown that we cannot hope to break the depression and put men back to work, until the privateers' hold upon the iniquitous "money racket" is broken.

The remedy is not complicated; nor is it the mystery that writers on banking would make it. It is simply a matter of straight-forward honesty —and *courage*—on the part of those in the control of Government.

We, the people, are no longer to be humbugged and bluffed by talk about foreign "invasion." The invasion is upon us. The more-to-be-feared army of ten million unemployed, fed up with political excuses, are at the barricades! A "fireside chat" will not repell this invader.

Innumerable ways of lifting the depression have been suggested to the Administration by studious patriots. By refusal to act on any of the suggested plans and by persisting in its alliance with capitalism and international financialists, the New Deal must accept the responsibility for continuing the depression.

A Christian Minority

THE PRINCIPLE of mere "majority-ism"—sometimes called democracy and sometimes Bolshevism—is not enough. The popular fallacy is that "50 million Frenchmen can't be wrong." As a matter of experience and historic fact, 50 men are much more likely to be right than 50 million.

The principle of the common-weal must animate the nation. The class struggle was wrong in its inception and is wrong in principle. It will collapse of its own iniquity, even if its operation were in the hands of angels. Not because men are bad but because the principle is wrong, no communistic effort at government can ever "work."

It is not the fact that a government is "democratic" but that it is Christian makes it "workable" for good and assures its continuance. A Christian monarchy will deserve to outlast a godless "democracy." It is not alone the "will" of a people, but the will of the people "for the common good," that must win out. There is no magic in mere majorities. Unless the "democracies," therefore, are also Christian democracies, they will give way to Christian dictatorships—and people will probably support them.

Is the United States, for instance, a Christian democracy? Is it even Christian? A glance at the record is a startling revelation. Of our 125 to 130-million population, fewer than 31 millions are baptized Christians. That goes for Catholics, Protestants and indifferentists—it even includes all who were carried to a baptismal font as infants and have never been in a church since.

With all our bickering over creeds and dogmas and denominational differences laid aside, the Christians in America could not hope to "win" even if they were united and voted *en bloc*. That is to say, if winning depended upon the democratic principle of a mere majority.

The fact that America remains a Christian country, in spite of its divided Christian minority, is fortunately owing to the fact that the vast body of non-Christian indifferentists are not *anti-Christian*—yet. There is still time to save America for Christianity and civilization.

But, instead of speaking out of turn, and gratuitously, about the "persecution" of religion by Christian dictators in other lands, America ought to be appealing to them for missionaries. On a mere showing of statistics we are the most pagan nation since ancient Rome!

But before the registered Christians of America go out to "convert" their indifferent neighbors, they must themselves become practising Christians. If the 31 million baptized Christians in America began *to live their faith*, it would not be necessary for missionaries to *"go out"*—the indifferentists would flock in!

The saving of America, therefore, does not resolve itself into a matter of coast defenses, or armies and airplanes, or heavy armament spending—so much as it does a matter of individual investment in social action.

The World-State

THE DREAM of a "world-state" has been the goal of all revolutionary anti-Christian secret movements since the middle ages. The notorious Adam Weishaupt, whose elaborate intrigues inspired the French revolution, boasted that he was a "citizen of the world." The phrase has a more modern ring; we've heard it from the rostrum of many a political orator.

Under the cloak of peace and international accord, the League of Nations is being quietly organized into a gigantic super-government to rule the world. Reiterantly, SOCIAL JUSTICE has indicted the League as a tool of Great Britain; has charged that the "empire front" masks the exploitation of internationalist privateers; and has disclosed that all of these diabolic machinations are directed by a few flagless imperialists who wield a power far beyond their numbers or abilities.

* * *

Did you know, for example, that officials of the League of Nations take the following oath:

"I solemnly undertake to exercise in all loyalty, discretion and conscience the functions that have been entrusted to me as . . . of the League of Nations, to discharge my functions and to regulate my conduct *with the interests of the League alone in view and not to seek or receive instructions from any Government or other authority external.*"

* * *

In the economic sphere the League is rapidly gaining control of the world's foodstuffs, raw materials (including gold) and industry through "planning" organizations in every country.

In Great Britain it is the "Political and Economic Planning Group," whose chairman is Israel Moses Sieff. This group has instigated government measures which are making agriculture, transport, mining, manufacturing and trade into vast monopolies under government control. When this shall have been completed, the "planners" intend to mortgage England and the empire to the Bank of International Settlements, a League of Nations creation.

In America, Mr. Mordecai Ezekial's regimentation of the farmers under the "A.A.A.", Mr. Bernard Baruch's war industries financing, Mr. Morgenthau's buried gold, stored against the day of its use to back an "international" currency, all march toward the common goal.

* * *

Nahum Sokolow, president of the World Zionist Organization, once declared:

"The League of Nations is a Jewish idea. We created it after a fight of 25 years!"

Col. House sold it in succession to Woodrow Wilson and to President Roosevelt's New Dealers. Masked as a defensive alliance of "the democracies" against some trumped up menace from the "dictator nations," the same alignment continues. Not for the welfare of the constituent nations, but for the League per se—the supernational world-state.

Thus will Usury be enthroned, and ever-increasing taxes will be compulsory. If tribute is not paid the "international police force" will precipitate a bloody war of extinction for non-conformists.

Pius, 'Pope of Intrepid Faith,' Saved Europe From Communism

THE DEATH OF HIS HOLINESS, Pope Pius XI, 261st successor to the Throne of St. Peter and spiritual head of all Christendom, occasioned universal mourning, as a saddened world reflected upon the life of the humble Achile Ratti, who came to be the "Pope of Intrepid Faith."

As the Pope of the missions, and the Pope of peace—the author of 30 famous encyclicals and negotiator of some half score treaties between the Vatican and world States—His Holiness was variously known. Almost unknown was his part in the "18th decisive battle of the world" which turned back the hordes of Bolshevism and saved Christian civilization in Poland and western Europe.

Postwar Europe, newly rescued from her partition between Austria, Germany and Russia, had been sent English and French missions—together with money, munitions and men—but the military and diplomatic experts despaired of Poland's ability to withstand the vast advancing army of Bolshevism.

As the papal nuncio to Poland, Archbishop Ratti rallied a bootless, ragged, broken-spirited people, inspiring them to a miraculous resistance that turned into a glorious victory. The discouraged and defeated Polish army had retreated 400 miles in 40 days in May, 1920. By August they had become so inspired by "the man from Rome" that while Achile Ratti with his high school cadets and the men and women of Warsaw held the "front," General Pilsudski was able to execute a flank attack that surprised and frightened the Russians. An all-but unarmed band of Polish patriots captured 60,000 Bolshevik soldiers, and huge stocks of guns and munitions.

Not as a theoretical library student of the Marxist menace, therefore, but as a veteran back from the front line trenches, Achile Ratti, who became Pope Pius, was able to write about the peril of Communism to the western world.

With the power of Christian prayer, the titular Archbishop of Lepanto—like his famous predecessor who turned back the Saracens—saved European civilization for Christianity and turned back an oriental pagan horde.

Contemporary newspaper accounts of the late Pope's life dismiss this story with a line of reference to a "diplomatic mission to Warsaw."

Pontiff Will Be Remembered As Pope of Missions

IN NO FIELD of endeavor was Pope Pius more zealous than in his work among the foreign missions. In his constant striving for peace, both religious and political, the Pontiff visioned the day when the peoples of the East would be led back to the true Church.

Toward this objective he transferred the Institute of Oriental Sciences from an outlying section of Vatican City to the Pontifical Biblical institute, and arranged to establish it independently. The Pontiff's aim was eventually to send missionaries fortified in their studies of Oriental sciences and rites, to lead the Oriental nations back, so that one day there might be "one flock and one Shepherd."

* * *

At the same time he constructed a larger and more beautiful Vatican library. Love for this work undoubtedly grew out of his years of service as librarian of the Ambrosian and Vatican library.

In his encyclical on *"The Reunion of the Eastern Churches,"* Pius XI expressed his great hope: " . . . to labor that the longed-for day may dawn, when we shall all welcome back, not only a few, but the vast majority of the Greeks, of the Slavs, of the Roumanians, and of the Eastern nations, hitherto separated, to their former communion with the Roman Church . . ."

Pope's Hope For Future Saw Conversion of Orient

From Father Coughlin's Broadcast, "Fides Intrepida"

FROM THE DAY when he nominated the Little Flower as the patroness of all missionaries and chose her as his personal mentor, Pope Pius set forth energetically to cultivate her spirit in the hearts of his subjects. So successful was he in this endeavor that one-third of all the missionary activities now operative in the world are attributed to him.

Moreover, with the objective in mind of re-sowing the seeds of Christ in fields whose topsoil of civilization was washed away by the flood of radicalism, he established an Orient College at Rome.

Who knows what this brilliant genius previsioned for the years to come? Dedicated to the missionary spirit, and always hopeful for the future, did not Pius XI foresee the day when the Jugoslavians and the Ukranians would revive the work of Cyril and Methodius in Russia?

Was he not hopeful that a new Golden Age of Christian reconstruction would be cradled in his Oriental college; and eventually, that the 160-million victims of oppression dwelling beyond the Baltic would raise their voices to praise God and recite the credo of their fathers in union with the Christendom of which he, Pius XI, was the visible head?

Most probably, his dream of a Christian Renaissance was not limited by the confines of the Soviet Republics. Contiguous to these vast territories lies Mongolia. Beyond, there dwell the dense populations of China—400-million souls hungry for truth, for emancipation, for economic liberty and for God. Still further distant, there are the 350-million Indians, victims of a system of caste, victims of exploitation, victims of ancient error.

Undoubtedly, he encompassed within the vast expanse of his fertile mind, these children of Russia and Asia. Thus, this Missionary Pope, the 261st successor of Peter, laid plans for the fulfilment of the prophecy which was consequent upon the command of Christ to the Prince of the Apostles when He said: "Go ye, therefore, and teach all nations . . . there shall be but one fold and one shepherd."

National minds too often are preoccupied with national projects.

International souls too often are restricted by material objectives.

But here, in the person of Pius XI, we view a supra-national mind and a super-natural soul, desirous neither of destroying nationalism, nor of establishing internationalism but imbued with the one central thought of leading souls back to God through their accepting the doctrines of Christ the King and the practice of Christian justice and charity.

Reign Marked By Important World Events

POPE PIUS, who led the fight against Communism in a most practical way in his days as Papal Nuncio to Poland, saw the evil of Bolshevism stopped in Western Europe by the rise of Fascism and Nazism, but found cause to lament the excesses to which these political systems were carried in some instances.

The Pontiff scored the Fascist profession that the Roman Empire saved Christianity from oblivion in the Dark Ages, maintaining that this position was heretical. He insisted, too, upon the right to found Catholic Action societies of youth, devoted to purposes other than political.

In setting forth this creed, Pius won the respect of Italy's Fascist leaders, who soon drew into agreement with his pronouncements.

As Bolshevism was put down in Germany under the rise of National Socialism, the Pope expressed regret at the lengths to which Nazi leaders were carried in their enthusiasm for nationalism. However, the Pontiff reached an accord with Chancellor Adolf Hitler in 1933, an accord that, however it was strained in the face of unfortunate circumstances, was not broken.

* * *

The attack of Bolshevism was concentrated in Spain after the failure of the Stalinite world-plotters in Italy and Germany, and the Pope sorrowed at the turn of events. Speaking of the "destructive forces" unleashed in that unfortunate land, the Pope warned that the barbarities would be pushed elsewhere, unless checked.

"Here are signs and portents of terrifying reality of what is being prepared for Europe and the whole world if they do not hasten to adopt the necessary remedies of defense," he said.

In May, 1938, the Pontiff extended formal recognition to the government of Generalissimo Franco in Spain. To a delegation representing Franco, he said: "We welcome you and charge you to bring Generalissimo Franco the sentiments of our spiritual paternity and give you the assurance, if you should have need for it, that you will always have, as long as the Divine Goodness grants us life, our support, our full co-operation, so that you may work with ever greater fruit for your and our dear Spain."

* * *

The Pope found occasion to denounce the fallacies of Germany's race program which in some instances runs counter to the Church's teachings. When a group of scholars in Italy advanced similar propositions in that State, he expressed the same words of rejection.

As the world stood on the brink of another war when Mussolini, Hitler Premier Daladier of France and Prime Minister Chamberlain of England, sat down around a conference table in Munich last September, the Pontiff prayed for peace and in a world wide broadcast asked all Christendom to do likewise.

The eventual attainment of peace found him enthusiastic for the accomplishment. He thanked leaders of Czechoslovakia for the sacrifice which made peace possible and gave his blessing to the "new Czechoslovakia which will certainly have a happier future."

Fond hope of Pius was the establishment of diplomatic relations with the United States.

Where Does the Red Money Come From?

In the Last Eight Years, since Earl Browder became the General Secretary of the Communist Party in America, the membership of the Party has increased from 7,500 to 75,000—This does not include the ten to fifteen thousand members of the Young Communist League and Communist Pioneers—the Party's affiliates for youth.

Actually, only 60,000 members of the party pay dues.

* * *

However, those kindly persons who prefer to think that the Communist vote is "negligible," received a rude shock when they learned that the lone Communist candidate on a recent ticket received 100,100 votes in New York City alone!

This vote was significant—because the voters were forced to undergo considerable difficulty in voting for Israel Amter, the party's only candidate. The members of the Communist party could vote a straight New Deal-American Labor Party ticket, except in the case of Mrs. Caroline O'Day and Mr. Merritt. By cutting one of these candidates, the Comrades could vote for Amter and show their strength. Amter's name was far down the board—on the seventh line.

But, in spite of the complications involved in this process, 100,100 "comrades" found the name of Amter! Staid New Yorkers shuddered to learn that Brooklyn had 40,000 Communists! The Bronx showed 29,000 and the Borough of Manhattan 25,000.

The conclusion is inescapable: all of our Communists are not registered as members of the Party. Nor is the proletariat too uneducated to split a complicated ballot when "the cause" is at stake.

* * *

Spending Bill Is Enormous

The Communist Party in America spends millions of dollars annually for propaganda literature. The party supports the *Daily Worker* and the *New Masses*, publications which obviously are unprofitable as business enterprises. To continue the existence of these inefficient publications, members of the party are forced to contribute large sums.

Just where the party gets all its money is a baffling problem. And until Communists in the United States are forced to publish their financial accounts their sources of cash will remain a profound mystery. The greatest secrecy shrouds the financial angels of the party. It is evident, however, when we balance the expenditures and receipts of the Communist Party that there are many plutocrats who act as evil angels for the Reds' activities.

A Letter From Mr. Morgenthau

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY
WASHINGTON

February 9, 1939.

My dear Father Coughlin:

Your radio address of last Sunday, February 5, contained statements the inaccuracy and essential falsity of which should be called to your attention.

1. At various points in your address, as reported to me, you stated and implied that I am operating the stabilization fund, not in the interests of the people of the United States or for the purpose for which it was established by act of Congress, but "for the benefit of the British and French international bankers who reap the rewards of imperialism." This is completely untrue. I am enclosing for your information a copy of a letter on the subject of the stabilization fund, which I have written to Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., in response to an inquiry from him.

2. In your address you referred to a meeting which you said took place in Paris in September of 1938. If I have accurate report of what you said, you asserted that others at the meeting were Ambassador Bullitt, Leon Blum and Litvinoff, Foreign Minister of the Russian Soviet Government. I did not attend any such meeting and knew of no such meeting. The only occasion on which I ever saw Litvinoff was when he was in the United States on an official mission in 1933. I have had no communication, direct or indirect, with him since that time. I was not in France at the time you state this meeting was held.

3. You stated that, "so it is reported," Mr. Bernard Bernstein is my assistant in the management of the stabilization fund. Mr. Bernstein is one of four Assistants General Counsel in the Treasury Department, all of whom work under the general direction of Mr. Edward H. Foley, Jr., Acting General Counsel. No one in the General Counsel's office has anything to do with the management of the stabilization fund.

I am not attempting to deal specifically with all of the many inaccuracies and falsities both of statement and inference in your address. I merely wish to avoid seeming to give assent to them by silence.

Sincerely,

Henry Morgenthau Jr.

Secretary of the Treasury.

Reverend Charles E. Coughlin,
Shrine of the Little Flower,
Royal Oak, Michigan.

Enclosure

Just as this edition was going to press Mr. Morgenthau's letter came to Father Coughlin's attention. There is no space available to answer Mr. Morgenthau's letter. Next week Father Coughlin will handle the case on this page.—Editor.

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE BROADCAST

"FIDES INTREPIDA"
Sunday, February 12, 1939

Achille Ratti was a new man in a new age with a new problem to solve. It was an age of mechanical invention and unsound commercial competition. In every nation wealth was being multiplied and concentrated in the hands of a few. Mass production machinery was flooding the markets of civilization with commodities of food, shelter, clothing and the conveniences of life which the masses of people could not buy, glutted markets in which the ability of consumers had been restricted by the lack of purchasing power. As a result, factories were closed, farms were abandoned, unemployment appeared—and so did want stalk its prey in the midst of plenty.

* * *

In 1918 the Polish leaders petitioned Pope Benedict at Rome to send them a counsellor and leader to help in recapturing a vanishing national courage and to impress upon the workers and the farmers the truth that man does not live by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth from the mouth of God . . . Achille Ratti was selected to represent Christendom in this outpost of civilization.

* * *

Not only was Poland saved, but western civilization was spared the fate of Russia . . . Had Poland fallen, Germany's fate and Austria's too were sealed with doom. Next in order were Belgium, Spain, Italy and France. Well does civilization measure the greatness of Achille Ratti by honoring him today as the savior of Europe.

* * *

After the signing of the German-Vatican concordat, Pius XI was forced to speak fearlessly against certain practiced policies of the Third German Reich. Disinterested in the form of government which a nation chooses for its subjects, the late Pontiff was particularly determined that governments should not establish policies hostile to the natural law and to the practice of religion.

* * *

Italian though he was until the last, his love of country was not foolishly subjugated to fanatical nationalism, to erroneous racialism or to sustaining legislation directly contrary to the natural, divine law. Thus, without hesitating, both as patriot and as Pope he chided Il Duce Mussolini for his ambitious plans relative to the secular education of Italian youth.

* * *

While the entire world was occupied in condemning Bolshevism and Communism together with Naziism; while the so-called conservative sector in all nations was determined to preserve decadent capitalism as this generation knew it, this leader of 350-million Catholics courageously indicated that modern capitalism was a system of economy and of government unsound in its abuses.

* * *

Pius XI pointed out that under the economy of capitalism the concentrators of wealth first monopolized the industries over which they gained control; next, they intruded themselves into government until the representatives of the people became the representatives of wealth; and finally, they succeeded in generating quarrels between governments with the ultimate objective of gaining control of the entire world.

* * *

Unquestionably, the last years of his heroic pontificate were saddened by the civil war in Spain. War is always war. . . . In the case of Spain, there was a clear-cut instance of Communism versus Christianity.

* * *

In the days to come competent historians will attempt to evaluate the contributions which Achille Ratti made to Christian civilization. Some will emphasize his classical attainments. Others will hail his genius for diplomacy, and others still will single out his fearless faith in leading the attack against the radicalism which characterized our age.

* * *

The complete text of the broadcast will be mailed to all who write this week for a copy of it to Father Coughlin, at Royal Oak, Michigan.

Time Magazine Repeats Insult to Father Coughlin

With a characteristically TIME-ly selection of excerpts from readers' letters of protest (*Time* says there were some "500-odd"), the weekly newsmagazine with the red cover attempts to make capital of its insult to the Crucifixion Tower of the Shrine of the Little Flower.

All the editorial ingenuity in their shop, however, is turned to the task of throwing the ridicule upon Father Coughlin personally—in the hope of distracting the nation's attention away from the "boner" of Jan. 30 in calling the Charity Crucifixion Tower a "silo."

The reference to Father Coughlin as "Silo Charlie" was a deliberate and intended insult to American Christians, for whom the Crucifixion of Christ on Calvary is a symbol of man's salvation. "*To the Jews indeed a stumbling block!*"

Not only to Catholics, not alone to the millions of both Catholics and Protestants whose dimes and dollars built the Shrine, but to all believing Christians, was *Time's* insulting quip an affront. And, despite the smart aleck effort to laugh it all off with a note in the letter column, the "dumbhead" fumble cost the journalistic stunters a pretty penny both in circulation and advertising—to say nothing of the sacrifice in reader respect.

That the original insult was not an editorial accident is proven by its repetition (Feb. 13) in even bigger type. Says *Time*:

"*Time* respects Christians, not Coughlinites, prints these letters (from the 500-odd so far received) as a fair sample of the sense and sensibility of the admirers of Reverend Charles E. ("Silo Charlie") Coughlin.—ED."

In the case of *Time*, as also with the whole legion of "smut vendors" who are persecuting Christians in America, letters of protest to the editor are wasted effort.

If you want to *get something done* in the decency drive now on to clean up the nation's newsstands, direct your protests to the advertisers of products, whose heavy investment makes possible — and profitable — this licentious abuse of a free press.

Unfulfilled Treaty Is Story Behind Unrest In Syria

As if France has not enough trouble internally attempting to rebuild the slow recovery that was sabotaged by the Blum Cabinet, she now finds herself in hot water in Syria, over which she holds a mandate.

According to the French-Syrian Treaty, signed on September 26, 1936, Syria was to obtain her freedom this year. However, notwithstanding the pledge by Foreign Minister Georges Bonnet of France and Premier Djemil Mardan of Syria, the French Senate's Foreign Relations Committee once more has refused to recommend its ratification.

As a result, the Syrian parliament has taken matters into its own hands and declared that Syria henceforth will consider itself independent.

In a historic session, the Syrian legislature voted practically unanimously to prepare the nation to sacrifice all that it owns to defend the integrity and independence of Syria and secondly, in case of war, that Syria will not co-operate with France.

Newspaper propaganda blaming Italy and Mussolini for the unrest of the Syrian peoples is highly unjust. What it amounts to is that the Syrian representatives have respected their signature on a Treaty enacted in good faith, while the French Foreign Relations Committee has not.

The French government, headed by Daladier, is not to be blamed too much either, because when the situation is analyzed, one finds that the Foreign Relations Committee is made up of fronts for the Rothschilds, the Meyers, the Dreyfus and Periere families, and the Bischoffsheim and Hirsch families, and that the paramount interest is the French colonial empire and exploitation.

The Syrian people have waited three years in quiet for the fulfillment of the treaty. When it became evident that it would not be fulfilled, naturally they resented the idea of such two-faced diplomacy and have had several general strikes.

Of course, the Communists are capitalizing on the resentment and adding their mite of propaganda, laying the evils of their own work at the door of Italy.

Destructive War Is Hope of Reds

To Keep the European situation clearly in mind, perhaps it will be well to quote a recent issue of the *Dublin Review*.

It reminds us again of the startling plan written last November by Dimitrov, the general secretary of the Third International. In it, that chief of the international Communist propaganda had the audacity to inform the world that the war of 1914-18 was only the first imperial war and *that the second is now going on.*

The opening campaigns were in Ethiopia, China and Spain and its objectives are the overthrow of the British and French governments, and then the Fascist powers, notably, Germany and Italy. Obviously, the best way to achieve both ends for the benefit of International Communism is for a first rate war of the "Democracies" against the "Aggressors!"

Men like Chamberlain, Daladier, Mussolini, and Hitler, know these objectives and refuse to lead their peoples into war. They know that the unrest in the colonies of Great Britain and France is due to inhuman injustices.

Here we have outlined a bold plan that virtually calls for the annihilation of the peoples of Europe and the destruction of Christian civilization.

Here we have the General Secretary of the Comintern in Moscow changing the face of the world.

The Internationalists behind Moscow hope to establish on the ruins of a world-wide war their domination over all Christendom—hewing down the Cross with a sickle and hammer.

It is a Crusade—not to recover the tomb of Christ from pagan hands—but once more to imprison Him in the tomb.

Central American Spurns a Second Term as Tyranny

From San Jose, Costa Rico, comes news that is news in this day when men will sacrifice everything to gain power and then trade their soul and barter their character to retain power.

We learn that President Leon Castro Cortes, who was inaugurated for a four-year term on May 8, 1936, upon learning that agitation for a second candidacy was in progress, promptly issued a statement to the effect that he does not want to be re-elected and become a "tyrant in violation of the rights of my fellow citizens."

"I will not prolong the term specified in the Constitution. My refusal to run does not represent a sign of weakness, but of forceful conviction."

Over a hundred and fifty years ago in North America, George Washington took a similar view and stated that no man ought to be president of the United States for more than two terms, for the very reason that his rule might well become tyranny.

In our own day of power-made rulers, when a President wishes to avoid tyranny by deed as well as word, the world should pause to notice.

French Isles Occupied By British Imperialism

DeValera Frames New Law to Curb 'Irish' Terrorists

Prime Minister Eaman de Valera has denounced the attempt of propagandists to lay at the door of the Irish people or the Irish nation, the activities of the semi-secret Irish Republican Army which is no more "Irish" in its ultimate objectives than is Jerusalem

Back of the Irish Republican Army is a small group of international Communists. They use Irish names as a front for their nefarious activities, while they hide behind publicized benevolent objectives which are far removed from their real purposes.

De Valera has introduced bills into the Dail giving the Irish government full authority to cope with these marauders who have instituted a campaign of terrorism in England.

It is possible that the Public Safety Act may even be invoked, which would restore the military tribunal to insure swift action in dealing with the revolutionists.

While France has been proclaiming that she would not cede an inch of her territory, her empire has been invaded and she has yielded territory —not to any Fascist or dictatorial country, but to Great Britain. This charge was made by Deputy Michel Geistdoerfer during a Chamber of Deputies debate.

He protested the occupation by the British of the French Minquiers Islands, a rocky group off the coast of France midway between the mainland and the Isle of Jersey. There had been no demonstrations demanding the Minquiers in the House of Commons, he said, but the Union Jack was floating over the Minquiers today, and the French were greeted there as foreigners.

Although France maintains lighthouses protecting shipping in that region, French citizens going to the Minquiers must have passports, as would Premier Edouard Daladier if he made an Empire visit there, Deputy Geistdoerfer said. He asserted that surreptitious penetration of the French territory had been going on since 1839, simply because the British claimed special rights in the Minquiers, *dating from the Treaty of Bretigny in* 1360.

"Don't take me too seriously," the deputy added. "I am not asking you to make war on Great Britain, but we ought to clear up a question that threatens to compromise French rights."

He concluded it was time "to put an end to a continuous series of occupations."

"We have occupations of factories (by Communists), occupation of the Rhineland by Hitler, occupation of Ethiopia and now part of the French Somaliland and, finally, of the Minquiers by Britain. Nobody has ever done anything about any of them."

"Yes, they have," answered Foreign Minister George Bonnet. "Both I and my predecessor have protested!"

Here Is What That 'Terrible Franco' Asks for the People of National Spain

For General Franco's program for the New Spain, it is necessary to consult his notable broadcast to the Catalan people. This was not even mentioned in our press.

"While your economic system is foundering, ours becomes daily more solid and more flourishing," the National leader asserted. "What is going on behind our lines is the admiration of Europe.

"Never has a nation in full time of war given to its people a greater well-being. Today, our factories and manufacturers are producing more war material and munitions than we need. In politics, our road has always been straight, and our sole arm the truth. Nationalist Spain fights for the unity and greatness of the country, to save her from dismemberment and death.

"She fights for the defense of her civilization and to restore that Catholic and traditional sense that made that greatness. To establish peace and love among Spaniards, divided through a century of fierce social and political quarrels. To give back to trade unions their vast economic and social function. To defend the national wealth from systematic destruction through anarchy. To multiply, on the contrary, that wealth by revitalizing its decadent economic system.

"To the end that wealth may fulfil its functions of improving the conditions of life for all Spaniards. That there may not be a home without light or a family without bread. That there may be far fewer poor people and fewer very rich. That the peasants may not longer be the victims of usury and long-established poverty."

Spain hopes, he added: "To tear from misery the workers of the sea. To free the middle-class and the poor from the terrible plague of tuberculosis. To put an end to the enormous infantile mortality. To cause to disappear from our land the miserable and unhealthy homes, replacing them by others cheerful and habitable. To restore to our mountains their lost forests, to irrigate our vast arid tracts. To save the family from materialism and despair. To place Spain again in the rank which belongs to her in the world. To help effectively the thousands of Spaniards disseminated throughout the entire world. And, finally, to give back to all their pride in being Spaniards."

This is a program worthy of any nation and it deserved at least comment in the American press. But the internationalists who control the cables did not want this information to reach the outside world. It might undo their malicious efforts to paint Franco as a modern monster.

He has won in the face of overwhelming odds because he had a united national will to drive the Communists from Spain and restore Spain to the Spaniards.

Dies Committee Gets a New Lease of Life

ANOTHER STERN REBUKE to President Roosevelt and the New Deal was dealt by the House of Representatives when it voted overwhelmingly to continue the Dies Committee's investigation of un-American activities for another year.

All the criticism and ridicule that the New Dealers could concoct failed to sway 344 House members from appropriating $100,000 for the Committee, which has unearthed extensive Communistic activities in Federal projects. Thirty-four Democrats, including Representative Vito Marcantonio of New York, president of the "Red" International Labor Defense Union, voted against the proposal.

Congressman Martin Dies of Texas, chairman of the Committee, said his investigators would strive especially to delve into sources and financial backing of widespread foreign propaganda which recently has swept the nation and led us to the brink of war.

He will continue also his vigorous probe of Communism and Fascism, he said.

Administration officials, particularly Interior Secretary Harold L. Ickes and Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins, assailed Dies unmercifully, and charged that his Committee hearings had been farcial.

It is noteworthy, however, to recall that Communists and "Fascists" also condemned Dies, each accusing him of being partial to the other.

Last year, on an appropriation of only $25,000, the Committee revealed the hitherto unknown facts that Communism had wormed its way into influence among many New Deal projects. It exposed, in one instance, a situation in a New York City W.P.A. Writers' Project where 103 of 300 employees were admitted Communists. Similar conditions were discovered on Federal Theatre Projects.

Still, the Administration sought to discredit Dies, fought the Committee with every weapon at its command, and in so doing made Mr. Dies a national figure.

Before the House vote, Dies addressed the Rules Committee and admitted that his investigative committee had erred at times but never maliciously. "We will do everything within our power to continue a fearless investigation of what is a definite danger," he said.

Approval by the American public of the Committee's fearless expose is demonstrated, Chairman Dies said, by the fact that 2,000 persons had volunteered to contribute $5,000 each for for its continuation. A total of $500,000 in private donations had been proffered, he said.

Typical of Communist Party strategy, Earl Browder, the general secretary, sent letters to every Congressman in which he condemned the committee for "its threat to freedom." Freedom, mind you! No better recommendation could have been given the committee.

Mr. Browder's communication said: "We shall insist and strongly support the constitutional and civil rights guaranteed to the American people, including the Communists, by the United States Constitution and the Bill of Rights—the right to freedom of the press, speech, conscience, assemblage and organization."

MARTIN DIES

Union Farmers Walk Out on Reds In Pennsylvania

COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA has proved ineffective among Pennsylvania members of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union.

Charging that affiliation with Labor's Non-Partisan League had identified them with the Communist movement, a group of Union members have repudiated the organization and organized an independent guild.

Farms Doomed By 'Pet' Dam

WHILE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT sternly condemns dictators for suppressing human liberty, his New Dealers run rough-shod over the rights of Southern Illinois farmers who protest confiscation of their homes for an unpopular rural resettlement project.

Approximately 800 families—5,000 persons—will be forced to abandon their Illinois homes and settle elsewhere at great sacrifice because the Government has decreed that the $2½-million Crab Orchard Lake Project will "benefit" the region. The fact that residents protest the project as useless does not seem to matter.

The farmers resent the method employed by Government agents in purchasing private property for the dam. They report that the agents, without consulting property owners, set arbitrary prices far below actual values and force owners to accept them. One man said his land was worth $100 an acre but the Government offered him only $39! Numerous similar complaints are heard. But the agents go relentlessly on.

The project, sponsored by New Deal Congressman Kent E. Keller, is designated as a rural resettlement project, a flood control and reforestation measure, and a prospective fishing preserve and pleasure lake resort!

F. C. C. Chairman Wants Air Free For All Sides

OWNERS of radio stations who barred Father Coughlin from the air, might well study the words of Frank R. McNinch, chairman of the Federal Communications Commission.

McNinch, after condemning government censorship of radio, said: "Certainly the licenses of broadcast stations or the persons to whom they may give or sell time should not tell their side of a controversy to the public and suppress the other side. To do so is to violate traditions and menace democracy.

"Underlying all the legislation that may be enacted or proposed as affecting broadcasting, is the basic fact that all radio frequencies belong to the people of the United States. No broadcaster has or can acquire any vested interest or right in a frequency.

"It is my hope . . . that there will be evolved a definite policy under which, when a political, religious, economic or social question is dealt with on the air, a complete discussion will be given for the benefit of all listeners."

Labor Board-er Standing Pat On Sit-Down Strikes

CHARGES OF BIAS hurled against the National Labor Relations Board obviously have been substantiated by the refusal of Board Member Edwin S. Smith to denounce sit-down strikes.

Appearing recently with his two co-members before the House Appropriations Committee, Mr. Smith was pressed for his views concerning the legality or illegality of the sit-strike.

He chose to side-step the issue as best he could, but in so doing completely revealed his feelings in the matter.

"I think the sit-down strike is a pretty flexible term," he replied to prodding by Representative Richard B. Wigglesworth of Massachusetts.

EDWIN S. SMITH

Although he said the status of the sit-down should be determined by courts rather than the Board, Smith declared: "It does make a difference whether the sit-down strike has been preceded or has not been preceded by illegal or provocative acts on the part of the employer."

Chairman J. Warren Madden and the other Board member, were outspoken against the sit-down. They said the Board has not approved or condoned it, regardless of what others say.

Edwin S. Smith however, declined to join his cohorts in such a frank statement. "I do not think I care to amplify my previous statement," he replied to questioning.

This Is News: C.I.O. Hits Reds in Auto Union!

HAVING OSTRACIZED Homer Martin and denied that his attacks on Communism in the United Automobile Workers had factual basis, the C.I.O. last week found itself in the paradoxical situation of also scoring "Red" encroachments.

But in the same breath it sought to make its position tenable by accusing Mr. Martin of a "dictatorial mania."

In a letter to all U.A.W. locals, Sidney Hillman and Phillip Murray, C.I.O. vice-presidents and members of the co-ordinating committee for U.A.W., asserted that the committee "took the side of neither Martin nor anti-Martin political sects," but condemned both Communists and adherents of Jay Lovestone, former secretary of the Communist Party in America. Lovestone, who assertedly has supported Martin, is now secretary of the "Independent Labor League."

The attack, most bitter ever directed by the C.I.O. against "Reds," tended to embarrass anti-Martinite Richard T. Frankensteen, U.A.W. vice-president, who charged recently that Martin "has raised the smoke-screen of Communism to conceal his loss of support on the executive board."

Meanwhile Mr. Martin filed suit in a Detroit court alleging that 15 U.A.W. executive board members had conspired with Communists to "aid and abet efforts of the Communist Party to infiltrate the Union."

He's Not Red; Just a 'Pal'

SENATE OPPOSITION to Thomas R. Amlie, radical Wisconsin former representative, grew last week as he sought to convince a committee of his qualifications for membership on the Interstate Commerce Committee to which President Roosevelt has appointed him.

Although he repeated his belief in government ownership of utilities and major industries, Amlie denied vehemently any affiliation with the Communist Party. It was pointed out that he had spoken at "radical" meetings and had been introduced as "Comrade," but Amlie shrugged off the inference with remarks to the effect that "Comrade" was merely a term of friendship.

William B. Carroll, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Wisconsin, appeared before the committee in a vigorous effort to block Amlie's confirmation.

"Amlie is regarded as one of the most radical men in Wisconsin," he said, "even exceeding the Socialists who merged their identity with the Wisconsin Farmer-Labor-Progressive Federation of which Amlie was chairman."

Amlie attempted to refute the charge by saying Communists had opposed him throughout most of his public career because he "would not co-operate with them."

Equally strong denunciation of Amlie came from Luther M. Walters, Chicago attorney and a trustee of the Great Western Railroad. He charged that Amlie knew nothing whatsoever about railroads and did not believe in the present form of government.

OF MUSE & MEN

Government 'Investing'

THE CHINESE were stupid compared to the clever New Dealers.

With the national debt mounting like foam in a warm beer glass, the New Dealers were hard pressed to explain away this bogey. But they did it!

In his address to Congress, and since, the President has referred to the squandered, wasted debt funds, as "Government investments in the future."

During his campaign of 1932, of course, it was the Hoover government's "expenditures, deficits, borrowings," and so forth—not the Hoover government's "investments in the future."

It's heartening for you to think that you have a sizable stake in the generation that will arise over the ruins. When your home is confiscated, you can laugh up your sleeve, because you know its only an "investment."

When you pay your income tax, it will be a painless operation. It is merely an investment without interest!

Then too, your W.P.A. job is a sort of investment in the future—a no-par, common affair. And the bulging P.W.A. dams, they're investments. So are the A.A.A. payments, the slaughtered pigs, the burned corn and wheat—they're all good, conservative investments.

If you're fortunate enough to be on relief, you can walk down to the nearest welfare depot and invest in a few slices of fat pork, a couple of cans of hominy and perhaps some wilted cabbage.

There isn't any dividend time under this type of investment, but it's as iron clad as a cheese crate. You can't go wrong. The President said so.

Diogenes Finds Honest Man In Person of Senator Alben Barkley

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hold that lantern up to Mr. Barkley's face Mr. Diogenes—he's the guy you're looking for!

Yes, Mr. Barkley—Senator Alben K. Barkley, Democratic floor leader in the Senate—is an honest man, Mr. Diogenes. He proved his honesty in the Senatorial storm of '39, over the elevation of former W.P.A. Administrator Harry Hopkins to the Cabinet as Secretary of Commerce.

You may find Mr. Barkley's face a bit on the red side, Mr. Diogenes, but that doesn't detract from his honesty. It only shows that he's embarrassed. But, embarrassed or not, he's as honest as a beer mug without a false bottom.

You will recall, Mr. Diogenes, that they kicked up an awful fuss over Mr. Hopkin's appointment by the President. In fact, several Senators indicated they would as soon pluck out their right eyes, as give their okay to Hopkins. But when all was said, it was done. They wrapped Harry up in cellophane and sent him over to the White House to succeed Dan Roper

And it was largely owing to Mr. Barkley's honest testimony that it came to pass. You see there had been much talk of scandal in Mr. Hopkin's administration of W.P.A. billions. But Mr. Barkley set all this at rest.

The Senator arose hotly from his seat as charges of graft and corruption were shouted about. He defended Hopkins stoutly. In the Hopkins administration, he pointed out, billions of dollars have been spent on more than 250,000 projects. Yet, Mr. Barkley said, "there has been not one dollar's worth of graft *discovered!*"

There's honesty for you, Mr. Diogenes. He didn't say there hasn't *been* scandalous grafting in W.P.A. administration; he only said it hasn't been *discovered!* That's fair enough, isn't it?

So, you may put your lantern down now, Mr. Diogenes. Your search is over.

Why Is It That Congressmen Run?

WHAT WOULD CAUSE YOU to run for Congress?

An informal survey conducted recently by Harlan Miller, author of the Washington column "Over the Coffee," indicates that in most cases it's the lure of a steady job with good pay.

But there are diverse other reasons. One man ran and was elected because his wife made him run. Another liked the "glamor" of Congress. Still another had a personal reason for running. He disliked the "dumbell" who had the job, and decided to beat him out. He did. He got the job—and the title!

Miss Perkins Raps Reds; Dotty Thompson Hits W.P.A.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—"When a dog bites a man it's not news, but when a man bites a dog it is news," according to the pattern laid down by a famous old-time New York editor.

The news from the national capitol last week took a decidedly "man bites dog" turn as:

(1) Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins condemned Communism;

(2) Dorothy Thompson attacked W.P.A., and

(3) Pearson and Allen went on the defensive.

The man not only bit the dog, he chewed his hide off and swallowed the hair when Madame Perkins, whose strongest efforts have been dedicated to keeping Harry Bridges and other alien Communists in this country, spoke a word against Stalinism.

Addressing the Church and Social Work Institute, Madame Perkins indicated her respect for a prospective impeachment rap by declaring that *"Communism has no place in American life."*

"I have too much respect for the American people, both native and foreign born, to fear that they will accept the principles of Communism, but a sure defense would be a faithful practice by all of us of the principles of religion and the principles of constitutional democracy."

That's what the Madame said, and all of us must echo a fervent "amen." However, if Communism has no place in American life, then Harry Bridges, whose membership in the Communist party under an alias has been attested to, should be deported as an undesirable alien, when the allegation is proved. And the Madame should assume the prosecution of the case, instead of the defense.

O, MISS THOMPSON!

Miss Thompson, who favors Mr. Roosevelt, the New Deal, the Loyalists in Spain and, it is presumed, the "loyalists" in Russia, bit the dog when she uttered these monumental words:

"The W.P.A. is an attempt to create jobs for workers at subsistence wages. *A real national employment policy would concentrate on creating an economic situation in which jobs for workers at normal wages would naturally occur.*"

True—too, too true. But why should Miss Thompson, of all people, take it upon herself to tell the public? It's a mystery.

"I suspect that our continued huge unemployment is not an act of God, *but the result of policies.* If it is the result of policies, then *by all means let us reconsider them,*" she said.

This is too much! "Praise from Allah is praise indeed." So goes an old aphorism. Conversely, damnation from Allah is sure some damnation!

FERDINAND AND THE 'BULL'

Then there is the matter of those two journalistic archers who miss the target of accuracy, Pearson and Allen. In times past, in their Washington Merry-Go-Round column, they traded off such shell-game journalistic bits as the "fact" that Father Coughlin and Homer Martin were "starting a new automobile union," and the "fact" that Father Coughlin and Representative Martin Sweeney of Ohio were "conspiring to block the appointment of a Jewish candidate for a vacant judgeship in Cleveland."

This 'bull' makes the magnificent "Ferdinand" look like an anemic amoeba.

Recently, Father Coughlin had occasion to find them in another strange position in relation to a misrepresentation of Ambassador Kennedy's feelings toward the Spanish civil war. In an effusion of their column the dizzy merry-go-round pair indicated that the Ambassador looked askance at a Franco victory.

When the Radio Priest called this to their attention in a broadcast, they came back with a ringing defense. They maintained they always knew Mr. Kennedy leaned toward Franco, and were in high dudgeon, at being called to task.

This defensive barrage came in strange contrast to their former manifestations of huge chunks of silence whenever an individual who had been attacked offered anything in rebuttal.

In short, these writing men bit the dog and made news.

Let's Have A War For Peace!

There's too much peace talk in the air today. People don't realize we can't have peace while Hitler and Mussolini run Europe. *Let's have a bloody war with the dictators, sacrifice three or four million youths and bankrupt our country so that we may have Communism and Peace!*

Joe Stalin is no Dope! Join the League for War and Mobocracy and learn all about him. Send us forty or fifty bucks today for our free booklet *"How to stay out of war by getting into it."*

JOIN THE LEAGUE FOR WAR AND MOBOCRACY TODAY!
115 Swindle St. Phone: Slaughter 1939

The GOVERNMENT Has A JOB For YOU!

The New Deal Is Ready, Willing and Able to Serve You NOW!

•

Join the W.P.A. and Enjoy the Following Advantages:

- 1. A shovel
- 2. $14.29 a week
- 3. Social Security Exemption
- 4. Income Tax Exemption
- 5. The fun of being a "G-man"
- 6. Freedom from Private Employment.

Join Now! Ditches are being filled rapidly. The New Deal is proud of W.P.A. Remember, "Not one dollar's worth of graft has been *discovered!*"

"W. P. A.—It Serves The People Right!"

Obey that Impulse!

Don't Let That Hunch Get Away

Opportunity Beckons-Follow $

Christopher Columbus had a hunch that the world was round—and not flat, as was the consensus of opinion back there in 1492. He followed it. And today YOU are here in America, enjoying life and the fruits of civilization, instead of trying to eke out an existence in the European countries.

"Ben" Franklin had a hunch that lightning could be harnessed. He experimented. And this evening you are reading about these famous hunches in the soft light cast by YOUR shaded Mazda.

The Wright Brothers had a hunch that a machine, heavier than air, could be made to fly. Today we have the airplane.

"Charley" Lindbergh had a hunch that he would be the first to fly from New York to Paris. He translated his hunch into action, and became one of the world's immortal heroes.

At certain times in the career of every man and woman these HUNCHES and IMPULSES have played a part in making their fortunes, and shaping their destinies.

Scholars call IT an impulse. The flappers and flippers, those youthful inventors of the new language called slang, call IT a hunch—but hunch, impulse or suppressed desire, that little "Something" under your skin is a REAL HUNCH to get into SOCIAL JUSTICE'S immense $20,000 Prize Campaign. FOLLOW IT!

The competition is just getting under way for the $2,998 Cadillac Fleetwood "75" Sedan, the Lincoln-Zephyr, Packard, Chrysler, Plymouth, Chevrolet and Ford Sedans, the two overseas tours and the 12 optional European all-expense trips, the 128 cash awards, along with unlimited commissions. Certainly you want to own one of these prizes, or win a cash award, and it's sure that you can't be a total loser. It costs nothing to enter or compete . . . Energy, linked with your desire to help Father Coughlin while helping yourself to a fine car, can accomplish wonders. YOU get subscriptions—SUBSCRIPTIONS get votes—VOTES win the AWARD YOU WANT!

By using the Nomination Blank and First Subscription Coupon (new sub. of 53 or more) YOU can make a flying start in this campaign with 65,000 EXTRA votes. DO IT RIGHT NOW!

OPENING PERIOD OF HIGHEST VOTES ENDS FEBRUARY 28

The first, or "Opening" Period of this great Prize distribution will come to a fateful, final close on midnight February 28. At that hour the 40,000 EXTRA vote offer on each NEW subscription of one year or longer will come to a close . . . NEW subscriptions for $1 (4 mos.), obtained now, may for example, be extended later to a full year or longer and will earn out only the remainder of the regular votes. 7,000 if one or 27,000 if two years, plus the 40,000 EXTRA votes of the first period. Same rule applies to extensions of six-month new subscriptions, etc.

Those friends of SOCIAL JUSTICE who contemplate entering the campaign should do so now and endeavor to obtain every subscription possible before the end of this first period.

THREE EXTRA CASH PRIZES of $100, $50 and $25 will be determined upon the basis of the totals of NEW subscription MONEY turned in this month (mailed prior to midnight of the 28th). A "brand-spanking" NEW candidate can enter and win any one of these three fine extra cash prizes.

CANDIDATES' LIST—Continued

NOTE.—We regret that, on account of limited space, Social Justice can publish names of candidates only in installments. In the previous issue were entries from 22 States and Canada. We complete the alphabet of States today.

Please do not be alarmed if your name or recent report is not credited to your State. Business now in the mails or in office routine will be credited in later lists.

Bulletins of the complete list of entries will be mailed frequently to all candidates and to new entries enclosing one or more subscriptions.

This list concludes (without change of votes) the names contained in the "Bulletin" of contestants, which was mailed a few days ago to candidates. Nominations which have come in since then will appear in our next "Bulletin" and will also be published later in SOCIAL JUSTICE.

NEW YORK (Continued)

OTTMAN, G., Briarcliff	55,100
OWENS, M., Flushing	35,100
PLEIN, O. J., Astoria	35,100
POLUIKIS, V., Rochester	35,100
QUIRBACH, F. N. Lindenhurst	35,100
RAMM, Mrs. E., Hempstead	5,000
REISS, J., Glendale	65,300
RENZI, P., Rosedale	55,100
RESESKA, C., Maspeth	45,100
ROGERS, Mrs. B., Bronx	35,100
RUZZIKA, F., Farmingdale	76,700
RYAN, J. A., Brooklyn	5,100
SCHWENER, R. C., Rochester	45,200
SHANAHAN, J. F., Far R'way	5,100
SHEIL, G. M., Brooklyn	76,700
SLIVONEK, S. L., Syoset	5,100
SMITH, T. P., Brooklyn	35,100
SPAGNOLA, J., Brooklyn	35,100
STAHL, Miss N., Rochester	79,900
STEPHENS, W. P., Malverne	65,300
STEVENS, Mrs. A., Rye	5,100
SULLIVAN, J. J., Rochester	76,700
SWEENEY, W. J., Brooklyn	35,100
THURM, A. R., Calverton	78,700
TOPINKA, E., Bronx	80,100
VESEY, V., New York	35,100
VISNER, P. G., Rochester	76,700
WALSH, A. J., Bronx	77,600
WALSH, G. M., New York	35,100
WALSH, J., Woodmere	35,100
WARD, M., New York	35,100
WESTRAN, Mrs. R. E., Allegany	5,100
WIESNER, L. M., Greece	35,100
WRIGHT, E. J., Brooklyn	65,300
ZEISER, Mrs. R. T., Albany	35,100
ZIMMS, D., Forest Hills	45,100

OHIO

BEHR, F. M., Dayton	5,000
BERWANGER, B., Cincinnati	35,100
BILES, C. W., Randolph	45,100
BOSSONG, M., Cincinnati	35,100
BRINKMAN, A., Toledo	35,100
BRODERICK, E. J., Cincinnati	5,000
BUHMANN, P., Columbus	35,100
CAPREZ, A., Akron	76,700
CHODKIEWICZ, B., Cleveland	35,100
COLE, A. E., Toledo	85,100
CORBETT, A., Cleveland	75,700
CORCORAN, A., Youngstown	45,200
CORMELY, Mrs. J., Kirby	35,100
CULP, F. L., Findlay	35,100
CURRY, O. D., Cincinnati	35,100
DALY, Mrs. M., Toledo	35,100
DAVENPORT, F., Cleveland	35,100
DE PASLA, V., Warren	55,100
DONNELLY, Mrs. B., Toledo	5,100
EISHEN, M., Rudolph	5,100
EMERINE, W., Alvada	35,100
ENGLERT, R., Cincinnati	5,100
ERNST, L., Reading	89,500
FAHEY, D., Cleveland	78,700
FARLEY, Mrs. W. F., Cleveland	35,100
FEHRENBACH, C. J., E. Clev.	55,400
FELTHEIM, P., Garfield Heights	35,100
FERNER, Al. F., Toledo	5,000
FISHER, O., Dayton	5,100
FRANZ, M., Cleveland	35,100
GANSMAN, J. B., Cincinnati	35,100
GAULY, Dr. E., Cleveland	65,300
GAVIGAN, R., Cleveland	5,100
GEDERT, Mrs. J., Toledo	55,200
GOEBEL, J., Parma	35,100
GRACELY, Mrs. E. L., Marion	35,100
GREVE, L., Botkins	5,100
GUILLOZET, P. J., Versailles	45,200
HAVER, Mrs. N., Cleveland	5,100
HOFFMAN, H., Columbus	35,100
HOFFMANN, Miss I., Cincinnati	55,100
KANE, Mrs. J. J., Akron	76,700
KLEPACKE, Mrs. J., Cleveland	35,100
KLOCKER, H., Cleveland	5,100
KONDUSKY, P. K., Lakewood	5,100
KREBS, F. H., E. Cleveland	45,200
KROEGER, E. A., Delphos	83,200
LAWRENCE, P. A., Struthers	35,100
LENK, F., Cincinnati	35,100
LEWEN, M., Toledo	35,100
LYONS, Mrs. B., Cleveland	65,300
MALONEY, T., Cincinnati	35,100
McDEVITT, Mrs. J. S., Coldw.	5,100
McFADDEN, M., Cleveland	35,100
McKNIGHT, A. C., E. Akron	35,100
MERTZ, H., Cleveland	5,100
MILLER, Mrs. H., Helena	35,100
MILLER, W. E., Cleveland	5,100
MINCK, Mrs. J., Defiance	65,300
MOHAR, J. J., Cleveland	35,100
NEVIN, S. N., Cincinnati	5,100
NOBLE, R. J., Youngstown	5,100
NOONE, E., Toledo	35,100
NOWICKI, S. F., Toledo	5,000
OSBORN, Jr., J. J., Cleveland	55,100
PAVELLA, S., Cleveland	59,100
PRESSLER, J., Cleveland	89,700
PRICE, H. E., Findlay	5,000
RICHARDS, Mrs. R., Akron	35,100
RIESER, J., Cincinnati	65,100
ROEDER, V., Cincinnati	5,100
SCANLON, P. J., Columbus	5,100
SCHALJO, M., Cincinnati	35,100
SCHMITZ, P. J., Bowling Gn.	45,200
SCHREINER, U. L., Tiffin	5,100
SIEBENALLER, R., Tiffin	55,100
SIEBOLD, Mrs. L. A., Cleve.	5,100
SMITH, J. F., Cleveland	35,100
STANLEY, D., Garfield Hts.	87,600
STECKEL, E. H., Cincinnati	5,100
STOCK, Mr. F., Hamilton	5,100
THELLIAN, A., Cleveland	80,700
THEWES, H., Dayton	5,100
TORMA, J., Ashtabula	55,100
VAN DAM, W., Dayton	35,100
WHALEN, J., Massilon	35,100
WHITE, E. J., Cleveland	35,100
WILHELM, P. J., Liberty Center	71,200
WOLF, K., Agosta	5,100
ZINDEL, H. J., Canton	35,100

OKLAHOMA

VAN DORPE, Rev. P. M., Okeene	5,100

PENNSYLVANIA

ANDERSON, R., Bradford	65,100
BERKEY, Mrs. H. E., Pitcaira	35,100
BLOSE, Mrs. H. E., Carnegie	35,100
BOWER, T., Philadelphia	5,100
BRADLEY, Mrs. D. E., Cresson	35,100
BUTZ, Mrs. E., Allentowa	5,100
CAPRINI, A. L., E. Pittsburgh	5,100
CHARON, L. J., Beaver Falls	5,100
CLARK, R. E., Philadelphia	35,100
COLNAN, M. M., Philadelphia	35,100
COMER, E. G., Bryn Mawr	5,100
CORRIGAN, J. J., W. Bristol	35,100
DEANE, M. V., Pittsburgh	35,100
DEMI SEY, F., Philadelphia	35,100
DONAHOE, Sr., Mrs. J., Bedford	55,100
DOUGHER, J. J., Philadelphia	89,900
DOWLING, J., Philadelphia	5,100
ERTLE, H. H., Wilkes-Barre	35,100
FARRELL, J. R., Philadelphia	55,100
FAULKNER, Mrs. H., Phila.	35,100
FLYNN, M. L., Oil City	5,100
FRAUSTEIN, M., Philadelphia	35,100
GALLAGHER, A., Philadelphia	35,100
GREGORY, W. E., E. E. Pitts.	5,100
HANLON, M. P., Wyndmoor	5,100
HAUBRICH, J., Darby	86,700
HEMMERLE, P., Philadelphia	5,100
HOENNINGER, Rev. A. Marietta	35,100
HOFFMANN, Mrs. E., Pittsburgh	55,100
HUGHES, F., Philadelphia	55,400
JOHNSTON, H. F., Pittsburgh	35,100
KELLY, J., Philadelphia	5,100
KIRSCH, L. W., Erie	5,100
KOEHLER, A., Latrobe	89,700
KUNZLER, A., N. S. Pittsburgh	35,100
KUSNER, Mrs. J., N. S. Pitts.	7,100
LEHMAN, M. A., Philadelphia	5,100
LEIENDECKER, C. B., N. S. Pittsburgh	76,700
LEISE, W., Millvale	5,100
LONDUS, J., Philadelphia	9,100
MALTET, F., Philadelphia	55,100
McCANN, J. P., Scranton	35,100
McDERMOTT, F. A., Phila.	65,300
McENTEE, F. X., Phila.	55,100
McGOWAN, A., Philadelphia	85,100
MIELKA, J., Shanekin	35,100
MIKUTOWICH, V., Jeanette	5,100
MOORE, Jr., E., Clearfield	5,100
MULLE, Jr., Philadelphia	9,100
NELLETT, F. M., Phila.	35,100
O'CONNOR, M., Pittsburgh	5,100
OTT, H., Philadelphia	35,100
PATTERMAN, E., Pittsburgh	35,100
PEETZ, M., Pittsburgh	35,100
QUALTERS, Mrs. E., Latrobe	5,100
RADOVAN, J., McKess Rocks	76,700
REAVY, E. V., Phila.	75,200
RHODY, Mrs. C. P. Pittsburgh	65,300
ROEDIG, J. M., Philadelphia	35,100
ROHRER, I. L., Lancaster	5,100
ROMANO, A. P., Pittsburgh	5,100
RYAN, T. J., Philadelphia	35,100
SCHMIDT, G., Erie	35,100
SIGLING, E. F., Upper Darby	35,100
THOMAS, Bro., Pittsburgh	5,100
ULSHAFER, G., Lansdowne	35,100
WALSH, F., Philadelphia	35,100
WERTZ, J., Ambridge	5,000

RHODE ISLAND

BERNARD, Mrs. A., Cranston	5,100
CURRY, W. A., Pawtucket	35,100
DOHERTY, M. F., Providence	76,700
EDDY, Mrs. L. A., Providence	77,100
GILL, Mrs. C. A., Providence	5,000
HARTY, J., Providence	5,100
MURTHA, E. T., Cranston	5,100
NORCROSS, E., Providence	87,600
ROCHFORD, A. L., E. Green'ch.	35,100
WARD, Mrs. P., Providence	65,300

TENNESSEE

LINZ, P. H., Memphis	65,100

TEXAS

BUCKLEY, Rev. D. M., Pt. Lav.	35,100
DEENEY, I., El Paso	35,100
NYTES, Mrs J., Mission	76,700

VERMONT

MANSELL, Mrs. A., Winooski	55,100

VIRGINIA

JONES, Mrs. S., Upperville	55,100

WASHINGTON

BOYLES, I., Seattle	35,100
JESSUP, P. W., Bellingham	5,000
METRAS, L. H., Kent	5,000
OBLAK, J. V., Longview	55,100
PERRY, J., Spokane	5,000

WEST VIRGINIA

CUNNINGHAM, Sr., M., Whing.	35,100
PAUL, F., Wheeling	35,100

WISCONSIN

ALSWAGER, A., Peshtigo	35,100
ARNOLDS, T., Jefferson	89,500
BALTUS, B. M., Marshfield	5,000
BATESON, S., Milwaukee	84,600
BOORMAN, Mrs. R. N., Tomah'k.	35,100
BRAZEAU, K. O., Oshkosh	5,100
CLARK, D. S., Milwaukee	35,100
DUSTRUDE, C. O., Hartland	5,100
FELBER, F., LaCrosse	35,100
GODDEN, Mrs. H., P. du Chien	65,300
GRABLE, Mrs. J., Oshkosh	55,100
HAHN, S., Grafton	5,100
HEINDL, N., Kaukauna	35,100
HILMES, F., Kewaskum	35,100
JAEGER, W. B., Campbellsport	45,100
KERKMAN, M., Burlington	35,100
KERN, J. P., Jefferson	5,100
KETTERHAGEN, E., Burlington	35,100
KINNEY, A. T., Madison	55,200
KORBEL, T., Milwaukee	35,400
LICHTFUSS, Mrs. A., Janesville	35,100
MATENAER, J. J., West Bend	35,100
MEINDL, F., Butternut	45,200
MILLER, N., Lodi	65,300
NENNIG, Mr. J., Chilton	5,100
NEUSER, E., Manitowoc	35,100
NUSSBAUM, L. N., Appleton	76,700
PADRUTT, J. O., Chippewa Falls	35,100
PLATTETER, J., Milwaukee	85,100
PINZER, J. W., Milwaukee	35,100
REBHOLZ, J. Wm., Milwaukee	35,100
REISCHEL, M. E., Durand	35,100
RODERS, Mrs. M., Kenosha	55,100
SCHWEITZER, W. G., Kenosha	5,100
SERBYN, W., Milwaukee	35,100
STIVARIUS, F. A., Fennimore	5,100
STRAETZ, N. G., Glidden	35,100
VAN DEN HOGEN, G., Ltle Chute	5,100
WALTER, J. P., S. Milwaukee	5,100
WENNINGER, B. P., Hartford	55,400

PARTIAL LIST OF NEW NOMINATIONS

OHIO

ALTMAN, D., Columbus	89,800
BRUCKER, B. L., Dayton	5,000
GERKEN, J. L., Cincinnati	79,000
HIRKA, J., Cleveland	63,100
VOGT, X. T., Cincinnati	5,100
WEBER, Joe, Elmwood Pl.	35,000

OKLAHOMA

SCHMITZ, F. B., Manchester	85,100

OREGON

HUBER, Alf. A., Mt. Angel	45,000

PENNSYLVANIA

BOED, Mrs. Thos., Penn.	35,100
CANNY, Edw., M., Phila.	5,000
ERDLEN, R., Phila.	5,000
FARRAN, Miss M., Dysart	85,100
FINN, Irene M., Pittsburgh	5,000
GORMAN, Miss D., McKeesport	35,100
GRADY, R. V., Sr., Dunmore	5,000
KEENER, F., Reading	35,100
LAWRENCE, F. J., Bethlehem	5,000
McCANN, J. P., Scranton	41,100
McDONALD, Miss M. T., Throop	75,100
McGINNESS, T. K., Pittsburgh	75,100
STROSSER, Mrs. T., Lancaster	5,000
ZIMMER, W. J., Sharon	5,000

SOUTH DAKOTA

HINE, G., Groton, S. D.	83,100

VERMONT

BRENNAN, J. C., W. Rutland	5,100
MANNING, P., Windsor	5,100

WISCONSIN

BACH, C. H., Milwaukee	59,100
BAUTZ, Mrs. C., Milwaukee	5,100
BISSEN, G., LaCrosse	5,000
HAMMES, J. L., Campbellsport	35,000
MARX, J. H., Milwaukee	29,000
SCHUETTE, Mrs. I., Sheboygan	35,100
ZINKE, A., Milwaukee	5,000

(ENTRIES FROM OTHER STATES IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER WILL APPEAR IN NEXT ISSUE. Please notify us of any typographical error as to name or address.)

137 PRIZES

Read This Big Prize List!

Cadillac Fleetwood Sedan*	$2,998
Lincoln Zephyr Sedan	1,441
Packard "6" Sedan	1,137
Chrysler "6" Sedan	1,018
Plymouth "6" Sedan	824
Chevrolet "6" Sedan	762
Ford "V-8" Sedan	752
Two Overseas Trips	800
101 Grand Cash Prizes	2,250
27 Special Cash Prizes	1,000
Fund for Commissions, Estimated but Not Limited	10,000
GRAND TOTAL	$22,982

(*In place of an automobile, winner has the option of one or two tours overseas, according to value of prize won; or a cash option may be chosen.)

SCHEDULE OF VOTES

Subscriptions	Votes
6 Months ($1.50)	4,000
1 Year ($3.00)	10,000
2 Years ($6.00)	30,000

The above are regular votes and will obtain throughout the contest. A special club bonus of 100,000 EXTRA votes will be allowed on each $15 worth of subscriptions turned in. On each NEW subscription (of one year or longer) the following bonus will also be allowed: 40,000 EXTRA votes up to the 28th of February. The bonuses decrease thereafter.

(Page Copyrighted, 1939, HD)

FIRST SUBSCRIPTION COUPON

Good For 20,000 Bonus Votes

Return this coupon to the Campaign Manager with your first subscription payment, either old or new, and you will receive 20,000 votes, in addition to the votes allowed on regular vote schedule.

Name of Subscriber _____

Address _____

City _____

Candidate's Name _____

Amount $ _____ (Old or New)

This coupon, accompanied by the Nomination Blank and your first subscription, will start you in the race with 25,000 votes, plus the regular votes on the subscription, as shown in the schedule. Only one of these coupons will be credited to each candidate.

NOMINATION BLANK

Good For 5,000 Votes

PLEASE ENTER:

Name _____

As a Candidate in SOCIAL JUSTICE Prize Campaign

Address _____

City _____ Occupation _____

Signed _____

Address _____

(You Can Nominate Yourself or Any Other Person)

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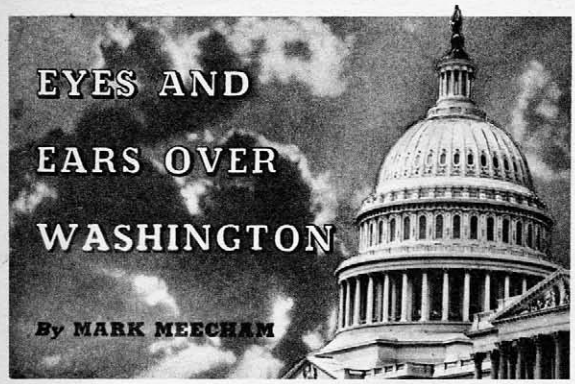


Wanted: A U.S. Foreign Policy

THE question in the nation's capital this week, of course, is United States foreign policy. Just what the question is depends upon where you happen to be. In Congress the "faithful mustangs" are asking: "Are we going to involve America in an Eastern Hemisphere tangle, or aren't we?"

Farther down Pennsylvania Avenue, in the Executive neighborhood, the question is worded a bit differently. There they want to know: "How can we line up America against the imperialism of Germany, Italy and Japan?"

Meanwhile, poor John Public characteristically scratches his shiny bald pate and wonders: "Who is going to do what about what war when?"

* * *

The order for 1,350 American-made fighting planes for Britain and France is the occasion for the present controversy. But the controversy which might just as easily have started over the color of Mr. Hitler's necktie, was bound to come—because *America has discarded its traditional foreign policy without publicly adopting a new one.*

At present, we are told, the British Air Ministry has negotiated for the delivery of 250 Lockheed reconnaissance planes and 400 North American trainer Harvards. Also 100 Curtiss-Wright pursuit planes are already being delivered to the French Air Ministry which has authorized contracts for 600 more American-made fighting planes.

Lest any person regard these orders as a purely business proposition, let them note the typical French comment on the government's decision to place more and larger orders with the United States, which appeared in the Paris publication *L'Intransigeant*:

"When details of these new orders are published, *they will create a sensation and impress the Rome-Berlin axis!*"

Indeed, these details of a secret Franco-American understanding might even create a sensation and impress Americans themselves.

Just a little more than a year ago, the British press created a similar sensation, when Anthony Eden, then Secretary of Foreign Affairs for Great Britain, told the House of Commons that while Britain had no actual treaty with the United States, it has an understanding or relationship, and "daily we are in consultation with reference to our foreign policy." When asked what was that relationship, Mr. Eden stated that *he could not reveal it.*

For more than a year now, Senators versed in foreign affairs have been rising to ask "what is our foreign policy?" Senator Pittman has been "tut tut"-ing them, and the President and his Cabinet have been aligning and realigning America's money and men and their future with diplomats abroad who, like Mr. Roosevelt, *cannot reveal the situation to their people.*

There is nothing to be said against the English and French people. If America had to fight a war in Europe, we certainly should not like to find ourselves fighting against them. But neither do Americans want to hurl their bayonets and bullets into the hearts and stomachs of German or Italian youths.

America does not have to fight a war in Europe on any side if she can establish a foreign policy *of impartial friendliness towards all European powers,* instead of "secret understandings" with a few.

We once thought that the best way to avoid a war was to fortify England. We have since learned, however, that even fortified, England cannot war ably without the money and men of her colonies. And the first "colony" to be drafted, oddly enough, is the one which revolted and supposedly attained its independence more than a century and a half ago! What is the sense of "fortifying" Britain or France, if after we have done it, we will have to send an army abroad to fortify our own fortifications?

* * *

We know that the only way to stay out of war is to *stay out.* We have no more reason to claim the Rhine or the Argonne as our new frontier, than Mussolini has to name the Panama Canal or the Hawaiian Islands as his.

There is only one American answer to the question of European alliances. If you do not like George Washington's way of saying it—you may take Monroe's or Jefferson's. In practice, they all amount to the same thing. The Senators now leading the fight to get the United States a foreign policy its leaders are not afraid to publish, deserve the gratitude of peace-loving citizens everywhere.

Our eastern frontier is the Atlantic Ocean, our western the Pacific; and our real aggressors are poverty, unemployment, and exploitation.

America needs a foreign policy—and soon. It is time for our President, who is so outspoken on the need for secrecy, to tell Americans what he and Mr. Eden and Mr. Morgenthau, and their friends, are planning to do to us. And it is time for the Senators, who represent the people of this democracy, to assert themselves and demand a public explanation.

We Can't Go On This Way

By **HON. J. PARNELL THOMAS**
Representative from New Jersey

IN DETERMINING the amount of money that should be made available for relief, I do not have the confidence in the estimates set down here that I would have if the people directly in charge of the Government and its program would cut loose from this foolish idea that we can spend ourselves prosperous. They should in all sincerity say to us, "We want this money to take care of relief, and we are no longer trying to prime the pump." We tried pump priming for 6 years, and it has not done the job. Witness the accomplishment, it has been an utter and dismal failure. It has not given jobs to the people out of employment. It has not given good prices to the farmers. And it is not a satisfactory answer to continually hark back to 1932.

In my opinion we are in an intolerable situation. We cannot go on in this country with half of our working people on the Government pay rolls and projects at starvation wages, and then have the other half of the people on the rolls of industry and agriculture drawing the wages that only that kind of industry and agriculture can pay.

We have to go one way, or we have to go the other way!

Foreign Policy Beyond Defense

By **HON. H. STYLES BRIDGES**
Senator from New Hampshire

Wide World
BRIDGES

THE ANNUAL MESSAGE of the President to Congress suggests that he favors a foreign policy very different from mere defense of the United States, and one which in the end would require much greater armament.

A year ago in Chicago he declared his belief that we should "quarantine the aggressor nations." Now he says, "The defense of religion, of democracy, and of good faith among nations is all the same fight. To save one, we must now make up our minds to save all."

It is somewhat difficult to see how we can save democracy and good faith among nations by any policy of mere defense of the United States.

The President says that we cannot safely be indifferent to international lawlessness anywhere in the world, and cannot let pass, without effective protest, acts of aggression against sister nations. It is true that he admits that the American people are not yet willing to go to war in other parts of the world, but he says, "There are many methods short of war, but stronger and more effective than mere words, of bringing home to aggressor governments the aggregate sentiments of our own people."

He declares against neutrality legislation and implies that he favors the repeal of the neutrality law. All this cannot mean anything except that the President wishes power granted to him by Congress to favor one nation or another in any dispute that arises and to employ economic sanctions or embargoes against a nation that he does not like, at the same time that he assists those that he does like.

We Must Stay Out Of War

By **HON. ROBERT A. TAFT**
Senator from Ohio

CONGRESS WAS WISE in passing the neutrality bill, which prohibits the shipment of arms, ammunition, and implements of war to belligerent states. I believe the President should long ago have found a state of war to exist between China and Japan, which he had full power to do, so that munitions might not be shipped either to Japan or China. The neutrality law intends that we shall not manufacture munitions for foreign wars. It provides, further, that in case of war, nations must come to this country and pay for all articles other than munitions to be shipped abroad before they are shipped. Its purpose is to reduce the chances of our becoming involved, and I believe it will assist greatly the accomplishment of that purpose. It is in accord in spirit with the whole policy of American neutrality for 150 years.

But now it is suggested that the whole world is different. It is said that distances are so short we cannot possibly avoid being involved in a general war. I don't believe it. I think if we are sufficiently determined not to become involved, we can stay out.

We learned our lesson in 1917. We learned that modern war defeats its own purposes. A "war to preserve democracy" resulted in the destruction of more democracies than it preserved. We may go in on the side of France and England because they are "democracies" and find, before we are through, that they are Communist or Fascist.

Not only that, a war, whether to preserve democracy or otherwise, would almost certainly destroy democracy in the United States. We have moved far toward totalitarian government already. The additional powers sought by the President in case of war, the nationalization of all industry and all capital and all labor, already proposed in bills before Congress, would create a Socialist dictatorship which it would be impossible to dissolve when the war ended.

The United States is in a fortunate position, a selfishly fortunate position, if you please. In Europe races are so mingled that no one can draw boundaries without leaving minorities which are a perpetual source of friction. In the end a war seems unfortunately probable—a war likely to destroy, in a few short years, the civilization which Europe has taken centuries to build. In that war the United States need not and shall not be involved.

We have an isolated location, and it is still isolated in spite of all the improvements in air transportation. The best military authorities say that we can defend ourselves, and the Caribbean Sea south of us, if we maintain an adequate navy and an attendant air force. During any war we can be self-sufficient. This very position makes it less likely that any nation would wish to attack us.

Letters

Saw Pictures

TO THE EDITOR:

Not long ago I witnessed some motion pictures taken by a friend of mine while in Russia in the old city of St. Petersburg—now Leningrad. The emaciated bodies and drawn faces of those poor, underfed, under-privileged and persecuted people caused me to feel very badly.

If this is what Communism would have for us, then let us unite on a common, Christian ground to stamp out anything which even suggests same. I cannot help but feel that in Germany the anti-Communistic party has reached the point where it has become difficult to differentiate between Communistic Jews and other Jews; and so, the good suffer with the bad.

Look at our own courts, our own justice, finance, banking, etc., and look who is at the head of much of it. Look at the terrible persecutions in this country a few years ago, when banks blew up and widows, orphans and old folks were thrown into the street, many of them to die early and unnatural deaths. Remember how they had their all taken from them. To me, that was wholesale persecution and the most high-handed robbery ever perpetrated in any land. Yet, folks took it and laughed it off. In fact, I know of a certain individual who was at the head of a number of chain banks which so failed. Today, he enjoys a prominent position in the municipal affairs of one of our nation's largest cities.

Some of my best friends have been of Jewish extraction—to them I desire to pay tribute as individuals and as good Jews. I am not a Nazi.

—A.E.L.

St. Louis, Mo.

Want Nation Saved

TO THE EDITOR:

If we Americans will educate ourselves on the function of money and read literature of the type of SOCIAL JUSTICE and the *Brooklyn Tablet* and then, in turn, have our friends do likewise, a long step will have been taken in propagating Christian principles and obtaining monetary reform.

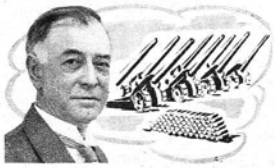
The writing of hundreds of thousands of individual letters to Congressmen, plus the sending of petitions and resolutions by patriotic organizations, will be the largest single factor for gaining monetary legislation.

May I humbly suggest to all supporters of SOCIAL JUSTICE that they inaugurate discussions on the above topics amongst their friends and in their organizations—be they social or religious. Otherwise, we will not have done our share in trying to prevent civil strife and bloodshed as in other countries.

I personally believe the majority of American people will in the near future take positive action to save our nation, as the spirit of the patriotic pioneers of old is being rekindled in the hearts of all good Americans today.

—SOCIAL JUSTICE SUPPORTER

Brooklyn, N. Y.



Senator Pittman

TO THE EDITOR:

When the Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the United States Senate, without provocation, suddenly appears in the public press as violently denouncing the government of Germany, and asserts that the people of this country feel a hatred for that foreign government, it is a very serious matter.

What is the cause of the outburst from Senator Key Pittman of Nevada? What has made a small-time mining town lawyer a critic of foreign internal policies?

In 1901, Pittman became interested in the Tonopah and Goldfield mining discoveries and made a handsome fortune. He is mentioned in the volume *"Gold in Them Hills"* by C. B. Glasscock. On page 98 of this book I find a quotation which seems to indicate that Key Pittman and one John McKane were "thirty minutes late" in an effort to purchase a mine, and that those thirty minutes cost Charles M. Schwab some "five or ten million dollars."

On page 192, I observe that Pittman was a director in the Bullfrog Mining Co. of Nevada, and on the following page I find that Charles M. Schwab and John McKane were actively purchasing mining properties in the same rich mining areas, being notable in the promotion of Nevada mining stocks.

On page 127 it is noted that Schwab, Bernard Baruch and others were interested in these new mining discoveries.

Mines all over the world are large consumers of steel and heavy machinery. Consequently we must assume that a considerable share of the business of our mines (and some in Mexico and Latin America) was directed to the United States Steel Corporation and the Bethlehem Steel Corporation of which latter Schwab was Chairman of the Board of Directors in 1931.

With these facts in mind, it seems to me that the mining-camp lawyer from Nevada, screeching insults at the German government, might create a situation whereby the Pittsburgh steel industry and the war mongers could secure support in Congress for the Administration's announced program of $100-million battleships, of 45,000 tons of steel and 18-inch guns.

I regard it as a foul waste of the people's wealth.

—E. JOHNSON.

Chicago, Ill.

Insurance

TO THE EDITOR:

There is one phase of social injustice which I feel is overlooked—the mirage-like racket of life insurance which goes hand in hand with shyster banking. My first selling experience was with one of the so-called "old line legal reserve" companies and I know the methods used in getting the business. May I sketch briefly the case against life insurance:

1. Life insurance is a means of obtaining "cheap" money. Compared to the tremendous working power of capital in business, the dividends from a life insurance "investment" are ridiculously low.

2. The great majority of policies sold are to the middle and working classes who are least able to use their money in this way. They are literally frightened into it by the play-up of the grave situation in which the wife and "kiddies" are left when the father is gone.

3. The high pressure sales departments take little account of the welfare of their agents, the theory being that the more agents, the greater number of sympathetic relatives to unload upon.

4. The large increase in the number of life insurance companies in the last few years should also be noted. Knowing the close interlocking relationship of banks and insurance, the concoction of a new organization is not difficult to understand.

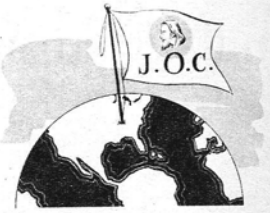
5. Then, too, great claims of managerial ability are often absurd. The company I worked for used to boast that one need have no fear for the safety of his money for their funds were invested in the cream of farm mortgages. In 1934 this company went into receivership. *But*, we were urged to "continue payment of premiums to the receiver until further notice."

6. The most serious effect of the insurance racket is its tendency to materialize our thinking. They claim to sell protection, but this is temporal and not in any sense based upon faith in God.

The rank and file of our people are slow to see the point, not because they are insincere but possibly because they have never thought seriously about the matter or because they have been told half-truths.

—J. B. R.

Detroit, Mich.



Power to J. O. C.

TO THE EDITOR:

Many times Father Coughlin has stated that a youth organization is expedient and necessary.

Fortunately, one has already been launched. It is a constructive, positive form of Catholic action. It is the J.O.C. (Jeunesse Ouvriere Chretienne) —Young Christian Workers. Anti-this and anti-that do not suffice.

The J.O.C., founded in Belgium in 1919, spread throughout Europe, into Africa, Asia, South America and Canada.

Inspired by its profound spirituality coupled with its 24-hour-a-day Christianity, we started to organize into study groups. The American Jocist movement is only four months old. Already study groups have been started in Illinois, Rhode Island, Massachusetts and New York.

The J.O.C. is the long-awaited Catholic revolution.

Youth of America, unite under the banner of Christ!

For further information contact the undersigned at 8857 82nd Avenue,

—VINCENT J. FERRARI.

Glendale, L. I., N. Y.

Prefer America for Americans

TO THE EDITOR:

In dealing with unemployment, we might do well to study Department of Commerce reports on total exports, imports and their relationship to our national production.

In 1929 I believe the report shows that America consumed 94.6 per cent of her total production, and exported but 5.4 per cent.

That was a year of prosperity. Labor Department statistics show that there were only 1,250,000 unemployed, a number considered normal, and including the indolent and unemployables.

But then started the Democrats' raid on our protective tariff laws. As a result, ever since 1930 foreign merchandise began pouring in, forcing American goods off the counters and American working men off the payrolls. Meanwhile, we restricted our farmers, plowed under crops and destroyed livestock to permit the importation of beef from Canada, Argentine and Australia; pork from Poland; manufactured goods from Europe and Japan, etc., etc.

An embargo on all imports that can be produced in America is the crying need. Tariff alone will not turn the trick, as based on cost, because foreign labor is on so low a plane that even high rates will, in some cases, place our labor at a competitive disadvantage.

We should ban all raw materials, agricultural products and finished merchandise, except such as cannot be produced at home. What a field for employment would unfold itself!

America's loss? Would it not be offset by greatly increased incomes? And, is not our country now paying out more welfare than the sum total of our exports and customs receipts?

Let's be charitable, but with charity beginning at home.

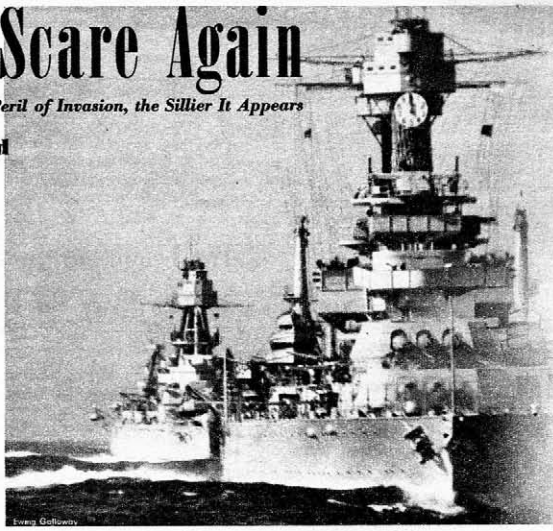
—A. G. I.

Detroit, Mich.

That War Scare Again

The More One Thinks About the Peril of Invasion, the Sillier It Appears

***By* J. Corr Fitzgerald**


Ewing Galloway

BACK in 1915 and 1916, great numbers of learned lecturers from England swarmed this country with a view to persuading us of the necessity of joining the Allies "to save the world for democracy." Their glib talks, together with polished propaganda fed to the newspapers, aroused in us as a nation an incredible frenzy for war. As always, their ace in the hole was the inference that, if Germany won the war, we would be the next victim. We fell ignominiously for that "next-in-line" argument, and we are falling for the very same propaganda today. Yet, when we examine calmly the possibilities of invasion of our shores by enemy forces we find that this threat is based on fancies of the imagination.

President Roosevelt himself has implied his belief in this danger of invasion of our shores by his statement that the United States should be ready to fight with France and England to preserve the democracies against the dictator nations. For certainly no less a reason than imminent peril of attack could justify our going to war against any nation. It is important, therefore, to examine the situation.

We may safely expect no attack from Great Britain, for she has all the raw materials she needs, and in addition she has her hands full trying to hold the possessions she has robbed from other nations. Her immediate concern is the Mediterranean.

France will not be apt to attack us for she also has an abundance of raw materials, and her main worry at present is her possessions in Indo-China and North Africa. The Magi-not line was not built to protect forces advancing on Washington.

The war mongers tell us that danger lies in the militarism of the Rome-Berlin axis. Well, assuming for the sake of argument that these two nations would be insane enough to attack us, we ask what are their chances, surrounded as they are with potential enemies? Their armies combined are inferior in number to those of England, France, Poland, and Jugoslavia, not to mention Russia. Their combined navies are but one to three against the French and British navies. Inferior in armies and in navies, they would have to break through deadly crossfire on land and sea before they even started. And assuming they reached our shores, they would meet our navy which is superior to theirs combined and their base would be 3000 miles behind them. The whole idea is simply fantastic. Modern nations may be aggressive, but they are not committed to suicide.

* * *

But what of air raids? They will bomb us! shout the propagandists. Happily the facts are against the war mongers. Between us and Europe lies almost 3000 miles of water. This means that the latest bombing planes from Germany with full bomb load would have to land somewhere in the middle of the ocean, for these planes cannot cruise beyond 1000 miles without refueling. Moreover, these planes could not be carried on aircraft carriers for the simple reason that Italy has none and Germany only two. Thus the threat from the Rome-Berlin axis is a plain fiction.

But the arm-chair warriors tell us that the major threat is from Japan on the west. We can dispose of this by merely calling attention to certain facts that anyone can understand. First, our line of defense in the Pacific is from Samoa to the Aleutian Islands, about 1000 miles out and 3000 miles from Japan. Second, our navy is about 3 to 2 against that of Japan. Now, to attack us, Japan would have to send its navy 3000 miles before meeting our defense at the heavily fortified Hawaii. Yet the Japanese navy has a limited steaming radius, just like that of Germany and Italy, because it is built mainly for defense of home waters. Our navy, on the contrary, has a long steaming radius. Thus, any way you look at it, an attack on us by Japan would be suicidal. If their navy got past Hawaii, we we would cut off their communications and attack from the rear. If they fought us at Hawaii, they would be subject to attack by the heavy artillery of Hawaii guns and our own superior battleship weapons, not to mention the attack of hundreds of planes from the plane bases of Hawaii. The only battle with Japan will be a battle of words.

What is more, the army intelligence offices of every nation are well aware of these facts, even though they may not bother to publicize their information. Colonel Frederick Palmer, veteran war correspondent and military historian, remarks on this in a recent article on war propaganda, in which he says:

"In the present outlook, it is a fantastic possibility that any enemy could effect a landing in force or a bombing raid upon our own soil or that of our neighbors. The army and navy staffs know that this is so. Why, then, the rush for large increase in arming?"

Must the answer be that we are preparing to fight another war on foreign soil for the benefit of the bankers and the munitions manufacturers?

Hitler Speaks

Fuehrer's Own Words Best Guide to the German Mind

"IF THE REST of the world is inclined to draw the conclusion that Germany, under military pressure, has menaced others it is a gross distortion of facts," declared Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler, addressing the German reichstag on the sixth anniversary of Nazi rule.

It seems to SOCIAL JUSTICE that Chancellor Hitler's own words are a better indication of Germany's attitude towards the rest of the world than many columns of prejudiced editorial comment and "interpretation."

Hitler's success in bringing the German people out of their 15-year depression, in throwing out the internationalist money monopoly and restoring the nation to a contented prosperity where there is neither unemployment nor poverty, has frequently been commented upon in these columns.

Said Chancellor Hitler:

"Germany wishes to live in peace and on friendly terms with all countries, including America. Germany refrains from any intervention in American affairs and likewise decisively repudiates any American intervention in German affairs.

"The question, for instance, whether Germany maintains economic relations and does business with the countries of South and Central America concerns nobody but them and ourselves.

"Germany is a great and sovereign country and is not subject to the supervision of American politicians!

* * *

"I feel that all States today have so many domestic problems to solve that it would be a piece of good fortune for all nations if responsible statesmen would confine their attention to their own problems. . . . The history of the last thirty years has taught us all one great lesson, namely, that the importance of the nations in the world is proportionate to their strength at home.

* * *

"Our relations with the United States are suffering from a campaign of defamation carried on to serve obvious political and financial interests which, under the pretense that Germany threatens American independence, are endeavoring to mobilize the hatred of an entire continent against the European States that are nationally governed.

"We all believe, however, that this does not reflect the will of the millions of American citizens who, despite all that is said to the contrary by the gigantic Jewish capitalistic propaganda through press, radio and films, cannot fail to realize that there is not one word of truth in all these assertions. . . .

"There are people whom even the greatest and most staggering events leave cold and unmoved. They make no history and one can make no history with them. In their stupidity and in their blase decadence they are the useless refuse of nature. . . . The idealists, the believers, the affirmers are the only useful elements of a community.

* * *

"Had the German Reich sunk into Bolshevik chaos it would at that very moment have plunged the whole of Western civilization into a crisis of inconceivable magnitude. . . . The rescue of Europe began at one end of the Continent with Mussolini and Fascism. National Socialism continued this rescue in another part of Europe, and at the present moment we are witnessing in still a third country the same drama of a brave triumph over the Jewish international attempt to destroy European civilization.

* * *

"There are countries in the world where instead of 135 people to the square kilometer, as there are in Germany, there are only between 5 and 11, where vast stretches of fertile land lie fallow, where all imaginable minerals are available. There are countries which have all this and the natural wealth of coal, iron and ore and yet are not even capable of solving their own social problems, of doing away with unemployment or overcoming their other difficulties.

"Now we have solved these problems in spite of our difficulties, and for this we have our regime and our internal organization to thank. The representatives of foreign democracies marvel that we now take the liberty of maintaining that our regime is better than the former one; above all they marvel that the German people acquiesce in the present regime and rejects the former.

* * *

"The question of the form of government or of the organization of the national community is not a subject for international debate at all. It is a matter of absolute indifference to us in Germany what form of government other nations have.

"The assertion that National Socialism in Germany will soon attack North or South America, Australia, China or even The Netherlands, because different systems of government are in control in these places, is on the same plane as the statement that we intend to follow it up with an immediate occupation of the full moon!"

"We Have a Duty to Restore Money to Service of Man"

WITH THE WORDS, "We have a duty to restore money to the service of man," His Eminence Cardinal Gerlier, Archbishop of Lyons, France, addressed a distinguished gathering recently in Brussels, Belgium. Lawyer, soldier, and Catholic Youth leader before he became a priest, Cardinal Gerlier, former bishop of Tarbes and Lourdes, has "turned his varied experiences of men and affairs to good account," says *The Standard*, of Dublin, Ireland.

With permission of *The Standard*, SOCIAL JUSTICE is glad to present some notable excerpts of the cardinal's talk.

"Our world is suffering from a lack of balance," his Eminence declared. "Suffering from the dictatorship of the machine, from the tyrannical preponderance of money, and a total separation of the economic from the moral order. . . .

"When, recently, we in France passed through a painful and difficult period of somewhat anarachical disturbances, the Church did not intervene, as some hoped, with a haughty condemnation of the entire movement which united lamentable errors with indisputable Christian truths. For in all this social legislation there was the clear trace of propositions placed before the French Chamber *more than forty years* ago by an interpreter of Catholic doctrine, Albert de Mun.

"It was very humiliating to have to carry out, forty years too late, and under the banner of the revolution, a legitimate transformation which could and should have been accomplished forty years earlier under the banner of the Christian order.

"I myself was present at one of Albert de Mun's speeches. When he finished, another Catholic rose amid the applause of the entire Chamber, M. le Court Grand-Maison. He said:

" 'We have the duty, not to preserve a social order which in certain of its aspects seems to us inhuman, but to substitute for it a more human order which will re-establish a true hierarchy of values, will restore money to the service of man, and man himself to the service of an ideal which excels him and gives him a sense of life.' "

George Washington

(Continued from Page 4)

On the national debt he was so positive and sound in his advice that his directness becomes a matter of amazement when contrasted with the serpentine, Cushman Coyle-Marriner Eccles budget message of President Roosevelt. "As a very important source of strength and security, cherish public credit. One method of preserving it is to use it as sparingly as possible; avoiding occasion of expense by cultivating peace." This warning of George Washington to avoid wars because of their cost fell on deaf, stupid ears in 1917 and the World War has cost us over $45-billion already and the bills still are mounting. Certainly the present administration is not "cultivating peace" when its leaders speak of "quarantining" aggressive nations.

"Europe," Washington discovered, "has a set of primary interests, which to us have no, or very remote relation. Hence she must be engaged in frequent controversies, the causes of which are essentially foreign to our concerns. Hence, therefore, it must be unwise in us to implicate ourselves by artificial ties in the ordinary vicissitudes of her politics, or the ordinary combinations and collisions of her friendships or enmities."

Washington counseled us to treat *all* nations alike—not to enter reciprocal trade treaties with the democracies and erect high tariff barriers against Germany, Italy and Japan. He advised us to avoid "inveterate antipathies against particular nations, and passionate attachment for others . . ." He asked us to stop "facilitating the illusion of an imaginary common interest (democracy) in cases where no real common interest exists." His "great rule of conduct . . . in regard to foreign nations is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little *political* connection as possible."

No War in Europe

(Continued from Page 4)

a piece of Abyssinia. The result was that Italy obtained the whole country; his friend, the Negus, lost his throne and his friends, the Abyssinians, lost 100,000 men killed.

Fourthly, as for his "cornerstone" it was split from top to bottom and rendered useless for any purpose whatsoever.

In other words, Mr. Eden lost his campaign and proved himself a bad general. England is never again likely to trust him as her Foreign Minister. Those Americans who like to make a fuss over him are not helping to promote good relations between the two countries. They are merely taking sides on a party issue, in support, moreover, of a minority party and of a man whom the majority of Englishmen regard as one who has done more harm to British prestige than any other statesman since the days of Lord North.

This is the truth. Attempts in the American press to depict the European situation as dangerous is a frame up like the attempt to frame Chamberlain. Sensible Americans should be warned. Those who are contemplating a visit to Europe this year, can afford to make their plans with perfect equanimity and confidence.

Regimenting the Sick

(Continued from Page 5)

Despite the tactical errors into which the A.M.A. has sometimes fallen under "political" leaders, the organization itself has a tremendous opportunity for good in the medical profession. It numbers 109,000 of the nation's 169,000 physicians in its membership. Its net earnings for 1937 totaled $671,373.64 and its assets (real estate, buildings, equipment) totaled $1,415,198.43.

With these facilities the doctors' association has the power to effect hundreds of improvements in medical care, and to prevent politically controlled socialized medicine programs, like the one which the President's health committee would inaugurate—by sponsoring a better health program of its own.

Our economically disabled are entitled to life and its preservation. A more active program of group health care is imminent. Either it will come from the doctors, or it will come from our politicians—as some compulsory form of socialism.

The League of the Little Flower Requests You to Pray for the Sick and the Dead

"I beseech you therefore, brethren, through our Lord Jesus Christ and by the charity of the Holy Ghost, that you help me in your prayers for me to God."
ROMANS 15:30

ILL

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ILLINOIS
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Mrs. Joseph Kondrat
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Mrs. F. Starry
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Cherokee
Mrs. Eleanor Eisenmenger
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Abington
Mr. Traynor
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Mr. John O'Connor
Dorchester
Mrs. John Collins
Fairhaven
Mrs. B. S. Erbeck
Foxboro
Mrs. Valentine McCormack
Holyoke
Raymond Pikula
Lowell
William Shields
Lynn
Cora A. Burns
Sarah A. Keene
Anna M. McCarthy
Grace Ronan
Malden
John W. Halpin
Milton
Michael H. Byrnes
No. Adams
Jules Desarmeaux
Pinehurst
Winifred A. McDonnell
Roxbury
Mrs. Emilie Schrack
Somerville
Mrs. Jas. L. Kelly
So. Boston
Mr. Wm. O'Connor
Waltham
Mrs. Zoll Burgess
Westbrop
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Dearborn
Mrs. Lylia Johnson
Detroit
Mrs. Edith Amer
Mary Agnes Beste
Mrs. Margaret Davis
Mrs. Nina Davis
Pauline Gagner
Flint
Chas. M. Hirtz
Lansing
Frank Lonsway
Saginaw
Sister Maureen
Wheeler
C. J. Lynch
MINNESOTA
Bovey
Mike Stodolka, Sr.
Dassell
Mrs. S. Kiff
Hugo
Mrs. Mary Cummings
Miss Minnie LaValle
NEW HAMPSHIRE
Keene
Mrs. Lucy A. Miller
Manchester
Parmaline Brigham
NEW YORK
Bronx
Delia Kelly
Buffalo
Mr. Henry Corey
Mr. Leo Schmitt
Macbeth, L. I.
Mrs. M. Layer
New York
William Dillon Berghold
Anna Granahan
Mrs. Mary Lynch
Lucinda V. McCann
Mr. McCullough
Mr. Edward Reynolds
James Sullivan
Niagara Falls
Henrietta Kloosterman
Ripley
E. W. Hull
OHIO
Cincinnati
Albert L. Bossong
Mary Ellen Eibeck
J. Alfred Schehl, Jr.
Mrs. Ann Taylor
Toledo
Mrs. Emil Kreamer
PENNSYLVANIA
Lebanon
Kathleen Barte
Philadelphia
Mrs. Collins
Mrs. J. Porter
Miss Mary Quinn
Mr. A. Zwlig
Scranton
Mr. M. J. Burke
Sharon
Frank E. Christenson
WISCONSIN
Benton
Loretta E. McCarty
Grafton
Matt Schreiner
Menomonee
Miss Elizabeth Nettesherire
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Mrs. Lambert Hargarten
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Toronto, Ont.
Alan Holliday
IRELAND
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P. Murphy
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Catherine Redforn
Mrs. Delorah Redforn
Denis Joseph Redforn
Michael Francis Redforn
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Mrs. Bridget Sheehan
Maurice Sheehan
Mrs. Sarah Stokes
John Sullivan
Mrs. Nora Sullivan
Griggsville
Mike Driscoll
INDIANA
Fort Wayne
Rev. Joachim
Richmond
John McDevitt
IOWA
Elkader
Francis Kelleher
KANSAS
Elmdale
Mrs. Nellie Arnold
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Sabina
Mary Butschele
Mrs. Sabina Butschele
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Covington
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Mrs. Anna Breil
S. Newport
Miss Clara Backsman
MARYLAND
Baltimore
Jane Creagh
Severna Park
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MASSACHUSETTS
Abington
Mrs. Mary Traynor
Beachmont
Charles Foster
Cambridge
Mrs. Sarah V. Lienhard
Dorchester
Mr. Croke, Sr.
Michael and Theresa Downs
E. Lynn
John Tierney
Everett
Mrs. Agnes O'Sullivan
Fall River
Frank De Costa
Holyoke
Cornelius and Margaret Kennedy
Napoleon Tacy
Delia Tacy Woods
Lynn
John H. Christy
James L. McCarthy
New Bedford
Carmel, Josephine and Napoleon Tessier
No. Weymouth
David A. Goodwin
S. Boston
Edward J. Schroth
Watertown
Mrs. Louis Burgess
Mrs. Patrick Burgess
E. Carmier
Watertown
Charles McKennon
John J. Daverin
MICHIGAN
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Tommy Wagner, Jr.
MINNESOTA
Belview
Henry S. Helgeson
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MISSOURI
Desloge
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Jennings
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Mrs. Anna McDermott
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Forest Hills, L. I.
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Elizabeth Holohan
Effie F. Lasher
Leroy
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New York
Mary Donohue
Bridget Granahan
Frank, John and Thomas Naughten
Mrs. Annie J. Sullivan
Ogdensburg
George H. Blair
Watervliet
Miss Elizabeth McGuire
Mr. Thomas Welsh
OHIO
Canton
Ida Piero
Cassella
Joseph W. Hastings
Cincinnati
Carl Decker
George Frederick
Francis, Raymond & Selma Synaider
Cleveland
Miss Bertha Kirchner
Anthony Marhefka
Mary McNamara
Leipsic
Mrs. John J. Lammers
Middletown
Mrs. Grace Gordon
Toledo
Mr. W. H. Nohl
OREGON
Oswego
Frank Sprute
PENNSYLVANIA
Philadelphia
Mr. Wm. Collins
Mrs. Elizabeth Donahue
Mrs. Nellie Fritz
Mrs. Mary Hauck
Mr. Patrick Higgins
Mr. F. J. McKenna
Mrs. Mary Montague
Mrs. Harriet Pinto
Mrs. Mary A. Ryan
Mrs. Katherine Sharkey
Mrs. Helen Wheeler
Renovo
Geo. Koller
FOREIGN
CANADA
Hamilton, Ont.
John H. DeGurse
IRELAND
County Mayo
John Moran
David Walsh

DECEASED

CALIFORNIA
Boyes Springs
Mrs. Ellen Foley
CONNECTICUT
Hartford
Mrs. Delia Meheran Gannon
James J. Meheran
Mrs. Marie Meheran Ogle
Meriden
Mrs. Mary Lane
Niantic
Catherine Clark
ILLINOIS
Chicago
Marguerite Cassin
Daniel Cronin
Catherine Hacket
Nora Kate King

My God, bestow Thy blessings and Thy mercies on all persons, and on those souls in Purgatory, for whom I am in charity, gratitude, or friendship, bound and have the desire to pray. Amen.

You are invited to join the League of the Little Flower.

BENEFITS: 1. You are remembered every morning at mass at the Shrine of the Little Flower.

2. You are remembered every morning at a special mass said for our intentions at the Tomb of Christ near Jerusalem.

OBLIGATION: Each day say the Lord's Prayer for the intention of the Little Flower. Her intention is to lead souls back to God.

PRIVILEGES: You are privileged to enclose the names of the deceased members of your family. They will be remembered each day at the Sacrifice of the Mass.

FEES: Each living member is requested to contribute one dollar a year. The money derived from this will be used to help Father Coughlin promote his religious activities.

Mail your membership dues to Father Coughlin at Royal Oak, Michigan.

Your prayers are earnestly solicited for our sick friends and for the faithful departed who have recently passed to their reward.

THE COLD TRUTH MUST BE TOLD!

It is futile to mince words in a crisis. Father Coughlin cannot much longer deliver his wondrously valuable discourses to the Nation over the radio.

The question is not one of loyalty on the part of millions of Americans. Neither is it one of co-operation on the part of the 46 radio stations which have defied the enemies of America and abided by their contracts. It is not one of desire and willingness on the part of Father Coughlin to bring the FACTS to light.

IT IS PURELY A QUESTION OF FINANCE!

Very soon—with our country's most important Congress in session—Father Coughlin will be forced for lack of financial support to leave the air to the Reds.

With war-mongers clamoring for the lives of American youths under the pretext of "national defense"—Father Coughlin will be forced to remain silent.

With internationalists struggling to enmesh this Nation in European strife—Father Coughlin will be unable, in the name of genuine Americanism, to protest.

THE ENFORCED SILENCE OF FATHER COUGHLIN AT THIS CRITICAL PERIOD WILL BE A DISASTER WHICH THE AMERICAN PEOPLE CANNOT OVERCOME!

Mr. Business Man, does it mean anything to you that the forces of regimentation are closing in on you? Mr. Professional Man or Woman, do you like the Red tendency of socializing your activities? Mr. and Mrs. Taxpayer, do you wish new levies piled upon you to pay for a fictitious war? Do you want billions of additional false money issued by bankers and swapped for government bonds bearing interest in real wealth?

Mr. and Mrs. American, do you want the last breath of freedom to be squeezed from your press and radio? Has the word "liberty" lost its meaning for you? Do you care anymore?

If you DO care, come to the aid of Father Coughlin's broadcasts while there is yet time.

Thousands of readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE have rallied to the call. It is to the undying credit of those men and women that Father Coughlin has been able thus far to speak to America.

There are thousands of other readers who have not yet shown they realize the national value of Father Coughlin. Are you one of these? Then, it must be because you have not yet seen the handwriting on the wall. Regretfully, this is true of millions who SEE too late.

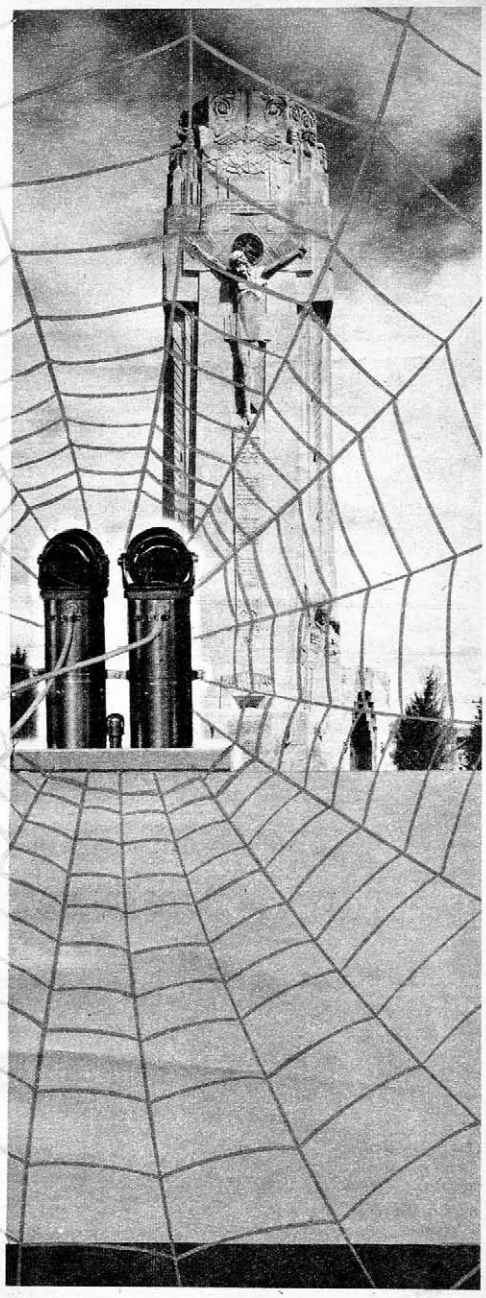
ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS MUST COME FROM THE READERS OF SOCIAL JUSTICE IN ORDER THAT FATHER COUGHLIN REMAIN ON THE AIR DURING THIS HECTIC SESSION OF CONGRESS!

SOCIAL JUSTICE has more than one million readers. Therefore, this is a relatively small sum of money when spread over such a national circulation. Unfortunately, there are some who can NEVER be awakened. They simply do not understand what is going on. They can be counted on for nothing.

But there are thousands of readers who REALIZE, but who delayed. If you are one of these, delay no longer. This is the hour to strike. This is the hour of salvation—or irretrievable loss.

ONE DOLLAR. TWO DOLLARS. FIVE DOLLARS—from those who can afford no more. TEN DOLLARS. TWENTY DOLLARS. FIFTY DOLLARS. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS—from business and professional people who are headed for the vortex of regimentation.

Contributions such as these—MADE NOW—could save America! Will you hold back?



SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., INC.
Royal Oak, Michigan.

I wish to contribute to the 1939 Broadcasting Fund so that Father Coughlin may continue to spread principles of social justice in America.

I hereby pledge the sum of $ _____ which I am enclosing herewith or which I will send in two equal monthly remittances on or before March 1 and on or before April 1.

My Name Is _____

My Address Is _____

City or Town _____ State _____

(THIS APPEAL IS REPRINTED AT THE REQUEST OF READERS IN MANY STATES WHO ALREADY HAVE MADE THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE BROADCASTING FUND.)

NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

THE HOOVER CLEANER ROOSEVELT

In the days of Hoover individualism the Bankers "took this country to the cleaners."

The quipsters and cartoonists made merry with the idea of the "Hoover Cleaner," satirizing an industrial product deservedly famous for its efficiency. The SOCIAL JUSTICE artist has brought the idea up to date.

The old Presidential cleaner has been streamlined. It takes everything! Whereas the Hoover holiday took business, homes and farms, Roosevelt's "New Deal with financial imperialism" promises to take democracy itself.

It's a great idea to have a good cleaner around the place. But in putting our national house in order we ought to be sure that it does not tear up the rugs.

Unrepentant capitalism and conniving Communism—the right and left hands of internationalist imperialism—have littered our fair land with un-American activities.

Let us use the cleaner by all means, but make sure that we concentrate on the dirt!

THE MAN OF THE WEEK

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